THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XXXIV., NO. 4. THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE, FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1943. $2.00 PER ANNUM.

"Serve the Church that the Church May Serve You."

CENTRAL UNITED CHURCH BLAIRMORE
Rev. E. B. Arrol, B.A., Minister

Services Sunday next:
11.00 a.m., Senior school.
2.00 p.m., Junior school.
7.30 p.m., Public Worship.
Wednesday, 8 p.m., Prayer service.

"V"

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, BLAIRMORE
Rev. J. R. Hague, A.Th., Incumbent

Services Sunday next—
12 Noon, Sunday School.
7.30 p.m., Evensong and sermon.

"V"

SALVATION ARMY, COLEMAN
Lieut. R. D. Marks, Officer in Charge

Sunday services:
10.30 a.m., Y. P. Directory Class.
11.00 a.m., Holiness Meeting.
3.00 p.m., Sunday School.
7.30 p.m., Salvation Meeting.
Tuesday: 7.30 p.m., Red Shield Auxiliary and Home League.
Thursday: 8 p.m., Praise Meeting.
Funerals and dedications on application to the local officer.

AIR CADETS OF CANADA
Weekly Routine Orders (R.O. 27)

Issued by AC|FO S. White, C. O. Turtle Mountain Squadron No. 157, Blairmore, Alberta.

Parades: Wed., Feb. 3rd, 1943—
First Aid ———— 1600 to 1730 hrs.

Parades: Thurs., Feb. 4th, 1943—
Fall In ———— 1855 hrs
Drill ———— 1900 to 1930
Signals ———— 1930 to 2000
Aircraft Recognition ———— 2000 to 2030
Navigation (Hi. Sch. only) 2030 to 2115

D. MacPherson, Adjutant.

"V"

Robert J. Follis, former Alberta liquor commissioner, passed away at Owen Sound, Ontario, on January 21, aged 79.

BELLEVUE REBEKAH OFFICERS INSTALLED

At a well attended meeting of Rebekahs held in the I.O.O.F. hall at Bellevue on Wednesday night of last week, the officers for the ensuing term of Ray of Hope Lodge were duly installed as follows by Sister Shields, of Coleman, district deputy:

Sister I. Penman, J.P.G.
Sister G. Aveledo, N.G.
Sister Bogan, V.G.
Sister Ada Christie, treasurer.
Sister Eva Ruymaekers, fin. sec'y.
Sister Vera Brown, rec. sec'y.
Sister Ruby Mark, conductress.
Sister B. Radford, warden.
Sister Mary Milnes, R.S.N.G.
Sister A. Turner, L.S.N.G.
Sister O. Johnson, R.S.V.G.
Sister V. Goodwin, L.S.V.G.
Sister M. Cousens, outer guard.
Sister M. McEachern, inner guard.
Sister R. Shevels, organist.

Following the ceremony a very pleasant time was spent.

"V"

The Crows' Nest Pass curling bonspiel opens at Fernie on Sunday and will contiaue for the greater part of the week. Rinks taking part include Fernie, Pincher Creek, Blairmore, Hillcrest, Coleman and Michel-Natal. The Fernie club will enter no less than eight rinks, and Michel-Natal two.

"V"

Mark Levangie, aged 47, well known C.P.R. employee and agent at Beauvallan, Alberta, died in a Calgary hospital on Sunday following a lengthy illness. Mark was at one time assistant agent of the C.P.R. in Blairmore. He was a native of Nova Scotia and served overseas for three years during the Great War. He is survived by his wife, two sons, one daughter, three sisters and six brothers.

"V"

The remains of the late Cinnamon Alexander Barr, of Bellevue, were laid to rest at Macleod, with Rev. V. M. Gilbert, of Trinity United church, officiating. Besides his wife, Mr. Barr is survived by two sons, Seth at Ardenville, and Aubrey at Vancouver; two daughters, Mrs. Eva Tupper at Claresholm, and Mrs. Beulah Moorey in Bellevue; three sisters, Mrs. Kate Askew at Merlin, Ontario, and Mrs. Mary Bradshaw at Leamington, Ontario.

FORMER BLAIRMORE RESIDENT PASSES AT TURNER VALLEY

Arthur Allan Shearer, of Millarville, died in the Turner Valley hospital on Sunday last following a brief illness.

Mr. Shearer had been employed as a steam engineer with the Newall & Chandler Co., Ltd., for a number of years, prior to which he was employed at Kimberley, B.C., and Blairmore. He is survived by his wife, Mary, of Kimberley; one daughter, Mrs. Albert Gale, of Lethbridge; three sons, Harry of Coronation, Robert of Blairmore, and George of Kimberley. The remains were laid to rest in Calgary on Wednesday afternoon.

"V"

TRUCK LICENSES WILL BE OUT MARCH FIFTEENTH

License plates for some 30,000 motor trucks in Alberta will be available March 15th for the new license year that opens April 1st, according to information received by the Alberta Motor Association from the provincial highway traffic board.

The board proposes to make the licenses available as early as possible to facilitate the securing of gasoline ration books as there is a general belief that trucks will be rationed for fuel, just as in the case with passenger cars.

While public service and commercial trucks showed a decrease in the past year, farm trucks increased by more than 2,000.

This year, trucks will carry a single number plate, attached to the rear of the vehicle. The colors will be black numerals on an orange background.

Operating of trucks in the province is of special interest to motorists and last year the province imposed certain restrictions on truck loads, owing to the claim that these vehicles were damaging the highway surface on account of prevailing soft weather conditions.

A suggestion from the A.M.A. as to reducing the speed of trucks on the highways was accepted by the provincial government.

"V"

Alberta will build a new $500,000 tuberculosis sanitorium on the University grounds in Edmonton, and provided the necessary priorities can be obtained, construction work will commence immediately the frost leaves the ground. In announcing this new project, Premier Aberhart said that Alberta, in common with all other provinces and countries, was experiencing a wartime rise in the death rate from this disease. The number of those stricken has been increased by men returned from armed services, and today all beds are occupied, the waiting list lengthening, and a serious situation is present. While returned men suffering from the disease are a direct charge of the Dominion, the province, under arrangement, is required to administer treatment and care. The new sanitorium will be the most modern of its kind in Canada, possibly in North America, and will hold 300 beds. Officials have already surveyed sanitoria in other parts of the country with a view to planning a centre in keeping with modern methods.

BUTTER CONSUMPTION TEMPORARILY REDUCED

It has become necessary to reduce the current rate of consumption of butter, and accordingly changes have been made in the dates on which (brown) spare "C" coupons of the current ration book may be used.

Spare "C" coupons 10 and 11 may not be used for the purchase of butter. Coupons 1 to 4 inclusive, have already expired.

Expiry dates for spare "C" coupons 5 to 8, inclusive, have been extended to aid consumers in stretching out the butter allowance over the period from now until February 28th.

Each coupon will continue to be good for the purchase of one-half pound of butter and will be good only on the dates specified below:

HERE IS THE NEW SCHEDULE

Coupon Number	Good for purchase beginning on:	Not good for purchase after:
5 and 6	January 18th	February 28th
7 and 8	February 1st	February 28th
9	March 1st	March 14th

The result of this is to reduce each individual's allowance by 2 2/3 ounces per week during the temporary period.

CONSUMERS WILL FIND IT ADVISABLE TO RATION THEMSELVES SO THAT THEY MAY BE ABLE TO STRETCH THE NEW BUTTER ALLOWANCE OVER THE NEXT SIX WEEKS

THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

BR 7W

ALBERTA PLATES WILL BE ISSUED MARCH FIRST

Motor license plates for the new year which opens April 1st next will be available in Alberta March 1st, according to information which the Alberta Motor Association has received from the provincial secretary's department.

Such action will enable motorists to secure their plates in good time before the opening of the license period. Also it will provide time for them to secure their new gasoline ration books, as the next ration period also opens on April 1st.

As in past years, the licenses will be obtainable at branch offices of the A. M.A. in Edmonton, Calgary and Lethbridge. Each year thousands of motorists take advantage of the opportunity to obtain their licenses at the motor club offices, this facility having proved of particular convenience to many car owners. Drivers' licenses also are issued at the club offices.

Officials are awaiting word as to the procedure to be followed for the next license year in regard to the fuel rationing system. It is anticipated that a change will be made. One unconfirmed report is that the "AA" ration books will be issued to all passenger car drivers and that those who feel they should be given a different category entitling them to more fuel will have to make special application to the regional oil controller. Another report, emanating from the east, is that "A" category will be the basis, and that those seeking more fuel for their cars will be required to make a special application.

"V"

One of our correspondents dropped this timely hint: The weather, like governments, usually difficult to forecast, but usually here in some form or other, good, bad or indifferent; either with butter rations or below zero, and nobody seems to do much about either.

"V"

Mrs. Enes Toppano, of Coleman, passed away in Calgary on Wednesday of last week following a lengthy illness. She is survived by her husband, Angelo, of Coleman; two daughters, Mary of Calgary, and Norma of Coleman; her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Caesar Molina, of Trail, B. C.; one brother, Michael of Trail; four sisters, Mrs. Rachael Montalbetti of Coleman, Elvin Molina, Mrs. Louise Delois and Mrs. Lena Cacchioni, all of Trail. The remains were laid to rest at Coleman on Friday last.

GORDON BURWASH

Formerly well known in Winnipeg as an actor and radio script writer, is now attached to the information branch of the Royal Canadian Navy as Sub.-Lieutenant Burwash. In association with Lieutenant-Commander William Strange, formerly of C.B.C., he is engaged in special radio work for the Navy. He will contribute to such C.B.C. broadcasts as "Comrades in Arms," heard Fridays at 8.15 p.m., M.D.T. on CBK, Watrous, and western stations.

Major William Henderson, of A-16 C.I.T.C., Currie Barracks, has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-colonel. Prior to the war, Col. Henderson resided at Pincher Creek. He served overseas during the present war for approximately two years with the 1st Battalion, Edmonton regiment, and returned to Canada in June of 1942, when he was appointed officer commanding the administrative wing of A-16. He is also president of the Officers' Regimental Institute at Currie Barracks.

FATAL ACCIDENT TOLL IN ALBERTA

Several deaths which have occured in Alberta this year as the result of motor car accidents have renewed demands for full observance of safe driving principles.

On the other hand, it is stressed that there is need of greater pedestrian education. This need was shown in a resolution adopted by the Alberta Motor Association at its annual meeting in Calgary last December.

The A.M.A. contends that adoption of proper pedestrian education, dealing with the need of sound safety measures, would bring about a reduction in the number of fatal accidents.

Too often, people wander across the street intersection or railway, without giving the slightest regard to traffic hazards or rapidly moving vehicles.

School boy patrols are playing their part in protecting children going to and from school and creating interest on the part of these youngsters in the essentials of taking care when crossing the road or street.

But sound measures to educate adult pedestrians as to traffic hazards also are necessary. Driver training courses have aided this work.

"V"

Newly announced rationing of liquor in Nova Scotia should be accepted favorably all over the province. The allowance is still liberal enough for those who insist on having "their little drink," but it cuts out heavy boozing and will make things tougher for the bootleggers. It's in keeping with other wartime restrictions.—New Glasgow Free Lance.

MATTIE ROTENBERG

C.B.C. authority on women workers in various countries, will present a second series of talks under the title, "Women Workers Today," in which she will review latest information on conditions of living for women in industry in various countries of Europe, Asia; South America and the Antipodes. These new series to be carried on the national network will commence on Friday, February 5th, 2.18 M.D.T., when Mrs. Rotenberg's subject will be "Women Workers in Czechoslovakia." The talks will be heard over Station CBK, Watrous, and other stations of the western network.

BREAD is Dominion's Best and Cheapest Source of Energy

CANADIANS are fortunate that bread—so easy and economical to buy—plays such a large part in keeping them well, strong and energetic.

Bread—the wholesome, nourishing loaf made by your baker—*supplies one-quarter of the food energy of the Dominion.*

Bread supplies valuable carbohydrates. Bread releases its energy quickly, supplies it for hours. And, with its modern milk content, bread supplies important protein for the building and repair of muscular energy.

Keep vital . . . fit for life's emergencies—*eat more bread!*

YOUR BAKER'S SKILL, scientific equipment—and the finest ingredients—give you a loaf unsurpassed in wholesomeness and delicious flavor.

MEADE'S BAKING SERVICE
Phone 74w BELLEVUE Alberta

You too can SERVE—by SAVING!

BUY WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Canada's Mineral Wealth

CANADA IS FORTUNATE in being able, through the wealth of her natural resources, to contribute a great deal to the supplies and equipment of the fighting forces of the United Nations. The importance of our agricultural products in this regard is known to be enormous, and in a like manner, Canada's mineral resources are contributing vitally needed materials for the armed forces of our own country and those of our Allies. Great areas of our country, particularly in the northern sections, contain rich mineral deposits, and mining has always been one of our largest industries. The great importance of metals in making materials of war, however, has placed this industry in an increasingly important position, and every effort has been made here to increase and speed up the supply of minerals needed for arms and equipment. In many cases this expansion will have a lasting effect on Canada's industrial development.

* * * * *

Nickel Used In War Materials

One of the most important metals used in the production of materials of war is nickel, and Canada has rich deposits of this metal in Northern Ontario. It is said that Canada produces 95% of the nickel used by the United Nations. The supply of this metal has increased greatly since the outbreak of the war, but even with this rapid expansion, there has been difficulty in keeping up with the growing demand for it. At present an intensive effort is being made to salvage nickel from scrap metals, to supplement the supply of the primary metal. The uses of nickel in war equipment are many, the most important being in defense forms of armament, such as armour plate and gun shields. It is widely used, too, in the manufacture of an armour plate of nickel steel, of the type employed to protect battleships. It is also used in many ways in the manufacture of naval and army equipment.

* * * * *

Many Minerals Are Exported

In a recent report on Canada's mineral production, Dr. Charles Camsell, Deputy Minister of Mines and Natural Resources for the Dominion Government, stated that Great Britain uses large quantities of Canadian-produced nickel, copper, lead, zinc and mercury, and that the United States is dependent almost entirely upon Canada for its requirements of nickel and asbestos. Prior to the war, the report continued, Canada exported more than 90% of its non-ferrous metals, but because of the growth of our war industries we now use 65% of the copper produced here, 40% of the zinc, and 25% of the lead. Canada's aluminum industry has expanded greatly due to the importance of that metal in the production of aircraft. As in other primary industries, shortages of labor and scarcity of supplies due to war conditions, have proved detrimental to the fullest development of our mineral resources at this time, but in spite of this factor, Canada's mines are making a vitally important contribution towards a United Nations' victory.

The consumption of liver in Canada is still not what it should be if Canada's official food rules were universally observed. These rules advise the use of liver, heart or kidney at least once a week. All these are excellent sources of protein, iron and the B vitamins. Of the three, however, liver is the most valuable because of its high vitamin A content. Beef and pork liver both have a higher nutritive value than calves' liver, though the latter remains the most expensive.

A moderate to small portion—less than 3½ ounces—of beef liver provides, in addition to its readily assimilated protein the following amounts of minerals and vitamins.

Vitamin A—more than a day's needs
Thiamin or Vitamin B—about ⅓ of a day's needs
Riboflavin or Vitamin B2—approximately a day's needs
Iron—at least ½ of a day's needs.

Vitamin A gives protection against night blindness and increases resistance to infection; thiamin is necessary for carbohydrate metabolism and adequate morale; too little riboflavin leads to sores at the corners of the mouth and inflamation of the cornea of the eyes; and too little iron leads to the very prevalent anaemia from which a large proportion of Canadian women suffer.

Liver may be on the expensive side but looked at from the money's worth point of view it is a good investment. If you can take your liver straight, here are two appetizing recipes:

Liver In Casserole

Pour boiling water over liver, let it stand for five minutes. Remove skin and any mebranes. Dip liver in seasoned flour, and brown in hot greased frying pan. Add a little water and simmer for 10 minutes. Put alternate layers of liver and sliced onion in a greased casserole, add liquid from the meat and cover and bake for 40 minutes in a moderate oven.

Braised Liver

Have liver sliced ½ inch thick. Melt fat in frying pan, when hot put in liver, and brown on both sides. Add a small quantity of water, cover, cook below boiling point for 20 minutes. Season with salt and pepper. If onions are desired, slice thinly and cook with liver, thicken any remaining liquid to make gravy.

If your family has to have it disguised, try this method:

Liver Loaf

One pound beef or pork liver, two cups bread crumbs, one medium onion, ¼ cup tomato juice or vegetable juice, one teaspoon salt.

Put liver through the meat grinder. Add bread crumbs, onion, tomato and salt. Put in greased baking dish and place in pan containing warm water. Bake slowly 30 to 40 minutes.

Write to the Western Division, Health League of Canaa, 111 Avenue Road, Toronto, Ontario, for your free Vitamin Chart.

GREAT COLOR SCHEME

Orange carpets, green pews, and gaily painted walls were introduced in St. John's church, England, because the vicar thought such brightness would attract more young people. 2499

TURNED TO IRON

Workmen digging iron ore from a bog in central Virginia a century ago came across a deer's skeleton, still intact, that had turned to iron from long immersion in iron-bearing waters.

AIR TRAINING PLAN

LIST OF GRADUATES

The following students graduated under the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan from:

No. 4 Service Flying Training School, Saskatoon, Sask., (Pilots)—

LAC. O. G. Backers, Wapella, Sask.
LAC. S. E. Clarke, Parkside, Sask.
LAC. J. M. Grieve, Shoal Lake, Man.
LAC. R. G. A. Kilgore, Wellwood, Man.
LAC. S. E. Lee, Saskatoon, Sask.
LAC. R. T. Lidkea, White Bear, Sask.
LAC. H. J. Marotte, Saskatoon, Sask.
LAC. P. H. L. Martin, Saskatoon, Sask.
LAC. P. J. Metke, Pangman, Sask.
LAC. A. W. Nelson, Saskatoon, Sask.
LAC. G. G. Richard, Killara, Man.
LAC. H. C. Shepherd, Saskatoon, Sask.
LAC. H. R. Simmons, Saskatoon, Sask.
LAC. F. W. Topping, Prince Albert, Sask.
LAC. R. C. Webber, Miami, Man.

No. 5 Air Observer School, Winnipeg, Man., (Air Navigators)—

Sgt. A. L. Dubasov, Kamsack, Sask.
Sgt. K. W. Lofts, Edmonton, Alta.
Sgt. W. C. Blewett, Kamsack, Sask.

No. 5 Air Observer School, Winnipeg, Man., (Air Bombers)—

Sgt. P. S. Camsell, East Kildonan, Man.
Sgt. G. McDougall, Transcona, Man.
Sgt. E. A. O'Brien, Winnipeg, Man.
Sgt. H. J. Proskurniak, Timberton, Man.
Sgt. L. E. A. Pocock, St. Vital, Man.
Sgt. I. G. Edson, St. Vital, Man.

No. 7 Air Observer School, Portage la Prairie, Man., (Air Navigators)—

LAC. J. R. King, Deloraine, Man.

No. 7 Air Observer School, Portage la Prairie, (Air Bombers)—

LAC. W. A. Porth, Winnipeg, Man.
LAC. J. McClure, Winnipeg, Man.

No. 3 Bombing and Gunnery School, Macdonald, Man., (Air Gunners)—

LAC. L. Foster, Calgary, Alta.
LAC. J. H. Frame, Senate, Sask.
LAC. J. Smith, Winnipeg, Man.
LAC. L. H. Smith, Melville, Sask.
LAC. J. R. Wright, Beazer, Alta.
LAC. G. J. Brand, Calgary, Alta.
LAC. N. O. Chilton, Rocanville, Sask.
LAC. A. J. Horner, Winnipeg, Man.
LAC. C. W. Snyder, Dauphin, Man.
LAC. J. M. Thomson, Milo, Alta.
LAC. J. F. Wilson, La Riviere, Man.
LAC. A. E. Lightheart, Winnipeg, Man.
LAC. J. G. McLaughton, Winnipeg, Man.
LAC. A. Veraas, Strongfield, Sask.
LAC. D. W. Strauss, MacKay, Alta.
LAC. T. A. Thomson, Rivers, Man.
LAC. W. L. Doran, Edmonton, Alta.
LAC. V. L. Keeling, Norwood, Man.
LAC. J. W. McFarlane, Swift Current, Sask.
LAC. N. L. Bolander, Bearberry, Alta.
LAC. H. I. Cochrane, Regina, Sask.
LAC. J. Dey, Holbeen, Sask.
LAC. F. R. Perry, Regina, Sask.
LAC. J. E. Smith, Carman, Man.

No. 1 Central Navigation School, Rivers, Man., (Air Navigators)—

LAC. M. J. Reid, Winnipeg, Man.

No. 1 Central Navigation School, Rivers, Man., (Air Bombers)—

LAC. H. H. Campbell, Regina, Sask.
LAC. R. S. Dutka, Slorva, Alta.
LAC. P. Kindrat, Dauphin, Man.

A Golden Opportunity

College Professor Found It Too Good To Pass Up

A certain very happily married college professor, delivering a graduation address, had this to say to the listening students:

"Gentlemen, many of you will marry. Let me entreat you to be kind to your wives. Be patient with them. When one of you ask your wife to go riding with you, do not worry if she is not ready at the appointed time. Have a good book nearby. Read it while you wait. And, Gentlemen—" his kindly smile showed a trace of irony—"I assure you that you will be astonished at the amount of information you will acquire."

GRATEFUL FOR HELP

Ceylons gratitude to India for coming to her aid in solving her food problem was expressed by Sir Baron Jayatilaka. "It is difficult to imagine what would have been the consequence if our big neighbor—India—had not extended her helping hand to us."

Alaska was purchased from Russia by U.S. at a cost of about two cents an acre.

"MIDDLE-AGE" WOMEN (38-52 yrs. old) HEED THIS ADVICE!! If you're cross, restless, NERVOUS—suffer hot flashes, dizziness—caused by this period in a woman's life—try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Made *especially for women*. Hundreds of thousands remarkably helped. Follow label directions. Made in Canada.

EIGHT MILLION HOGS

Terms Of Canadian Contract With Great Britain Demands

In order to meet the terms of the Canadian Bacon contract with Great Britain, Canada is in need of more hogs. Canadian farmers are being urged by the federal government to market 8,000,000 hogs in 1943—with Saskatchewan producers to provide a proportionate share of the total number. To do so, of course, will require much extra effort on the part of Saskatchewan bacon producers. Prof. J. W. G. McEwan, of the University of Saskatchewan, deals with the problem concisely as follows:—

"The people of Britain need more bacon and the farmers of Canada have undertaken to supply this need. Shortly after the outbreak of war, Britain was cut off from Denmark, her major source of supply, and now the Mother country is depending most of all upon Canada to supply the needed bacon. Let it not be forgotten that when the call went out to the farming people of this country for greater supplies, the response was magnificent. Indeed food production in general and bacon production in particular, have been geared to a high level never before attained; the export volume of bacon in the past year has been roughly seventeen times as great as it was in 1932, the year of the Ottawa Trade agreements.

"But what we did in 1942 is not good enough in 1943 if Britain's people need and want more of our pork products, and they do. The call is now for more pigs from which will come more of that important food product, rich in energy and high in protein, that meat product that is best adapted to shipping.

Canadian Bacon First Class

"When Prof. Scott Watson of Oxford University was speaking in Saskatoon sometime ago, he indicated that in the course of Britain's wartime adjustments, more milk was being produced that in pre-war years, but that beef cattle, sheep and pigs had been reduced greatly. Breeding sows kept in British herds today number less than half of those kept in 1938. Then he went on to say that British consumers are very well satisfied with Canadian bacon and pronounce it "first class". I dare say that, owing to unavoidable wartime delays, some of the Canadian bacon over there has appeared to be a bit salty, but, by and large, it has done Canadian processors great credit. Professor Watson gives the impression that the Englishmen will be very glad to continue buying Canadian bacon after the war. It's worth keeping in mind.

"If we can supply the increased volume of pork products which Britain now wants from us, it will not only be consistent with the best war effort but it will also be in line with our hope to find an outlet for more of the grain now piled up in Canada, and for which there is no immediate market outlet. It offers the farming people an opportunity to sell more wheat and other grains that may not be sold otherwise for considerable time. It will represent another step in the direction of diversification in our agricultural industry.

"But the immediate problem is how to extend our production and thus meet 1943 obligations. Today the appeal is made under changed conditions; there is an abundance of grain feed; the Saskatchewan supply from 1942 is approximately 75% above the five-year average. But there is a distinct shortage of farm help that will make further expansion difficult on many farms. It will not be the first time, however, that Canadian farmers have been obliged to overcome difficulties and I'm sure our people will see this job through. In connection with the matter of labour shortage, it must be significant that self-feeders are coming into wider use.

6,251,000 Pigs In 1942

"In 1941 the Canadian objective was 600 million pounds of bacon for export. Although Canadian consumers denied themselves their customary rations of pork and bacon, we didn't quite attain the goal. Nevertheless, we did in 1942 set for ourselves a still greater objective, 675 million pounds. It required an increase of 15% or more in the number of sows bred and pigs reared in Canada. In 1942 Canada marketed 6,251,000 pigs and in 1943 Canada must increase this to 8,000,000. That is the judgment of the agricultural conference held in Ottawa early in December. But the current breeding season is already well advanced and if we are to achieve the desired expansion, no time can be lost.

"Wherever feed and help resources make it possible, the people on the land should now consider adding one or more sows to the breeding herd; and then plan to make them as productive as possible. It is true that Saskatchewan production has increased consistently since the memorable drought year of 1937 when through lack of feed reserves, wholesale liquidation of breeding stock became necessary. But there are still some farms in Saskatchewan on which no pigs are kept and there are many on which only one or two sows are kept. Federal authorities expect that the 1943 increases must come very largely from Western Canada and it is quite apparent that this province can do more. As a matter of fact, the leadership in pig production has passed to Western Canada within the last two years, with the Province of Alberta in the foremost position. Alberta, by the way, has fewer farms but many more pigs than Saskatchewan. Alberta farmers, when 1942 returns are complete, will have marketed an average of 22 pigs per farm, while in Saskatchewan the average number marketed per farm will be a little less than seven. Saskatchewan with its great stores of wheat and other grains, admirably suited to pig feeding, can and will do more.

"Good gilts should be recovered for breeding before they go to the stockyards. Now is the time to assign them to the breeding pens and it may be assumed that any "extras" that can be bred now will meet with ready sale later, if not needed by the original owner. There is a big demand for bred sows.

"There may be an inadequate number of boars in some districts, making an obstacle difficult to overcome. Unfortunately, practically all boars of breeding age have been sold by the pure bred breeders of the province and neighbouring provinces are in no better position. It only emphasizes the necessity of using boars now in the country in a co-operative way and using them to practical capacity. Any farmers having boars of breeding age which can now be spared and offered for sale, are asked to communicate the information immediately to the Live Stock Commissioner, Department of Agriculture, Regina. We must make the best possible use of all serviceable boars in the province.

Grain Marketing Through Pigs

"The opportunity of marketing additional quantities of wheat and other grains through pigs is one which Saskatchewan must welcome. Where thrifty and vigorous pigs are to be considered, and with pork prices as they are today, $15.10 per 100 lbs. for B1 carcasses at Saskatoon, there is no special reason why farmers feeding wheat should not get a return of between $1.00 and $1.30 per bushel, depending on whether or not the charge is made for labour and overhead.

"Indeed we should seize every opportunity to convert wheat into pork, wheat to dairy products, wheat to beef, wheat to horse power and so on. Wheat is low in fibre and palatable; it is thus a particularly suitable feed for pigs. That does not mean that wheat is fool-proof as a feed; it is not, but when it is fed judiciously, it can be used quite extensively and to good advantage. It should not be ground finely for pigs because fine grinding presupposes a pasty mass in the stomach which digestive juice will not penetrate so readily. Furthermore, wheat is a concentrated feed and there is an increased danger from overfeeding, especially in the cases of young pigs and dry sows; some folk in feeding rations rich in wheat to brood sows last winter obtained good results by mixing about 12 or 15% of hammered alfalfa hay with the ground grain. In any case, wheat should be fed to pigs on a weight basis rather than by measure.

"When wheat is being used in a substantial way for pigs, it is of supreme importance that the need for protein supplements and an appropriate supply of mineral material be recognized. Wheat, like other cereal grains, is low in protein and bone building materials and will not furnish all of these needed by brood sows and growing pigs. There is no better supplement for use along with wheat or other grains than skim milk or buttermilk. The pig grower who has these dairy by-products has a tremendous advantage. But many farmers do not have these milk products and cannot get them; in such cases, the feeder should turn to a meat by-product such as tankage, or better still, a mixed protein concentrate. Commercial pig concentrates are being sold quite widely and for the most part, they are dependable. A farmer, if he chooses, can prepare his own concentrate by mixing tankage, fish meal, linseed oil meal and alfalfa meal in proper proportions. The essential point about such mixtures is that they contain some protein material of animal origin, tankage, meat meal or fish meal. The feeder of pigs has been inclined to ask himself if he can afford to feed tankage or a mixed concentrate, when the price of these is considerably above the market value of farm grains. The answer is plain; at current prices for grains, pigs and concentrates, the feeder simply cannot afford not to use a good supplement that will contribtue to the best use of grains and the health and vigour of the pigs. Let it be remembered that a well-constituted concentrate is superior nutritionally, to tankage alone.

Care Of Breeding Herd

"The farmer's responsibility in the present effort does not cease with the breeding of sows; we must do all possible to see that care is given to the breeding herd through the winter months, so that strong and lusty litters will be produced; and after that, that losses be minimized. Attention to detail during the period before farrowing will pay dividends. Sows, for example, should be kept in a medium state of fatness, i.e., neither very fat nor very thin. We have observed too, that a lime supplement, about ½ to 1% of ground limestone in the grain, to brood sows during winter months will result in more certain milk supply at farrowing and more milk later. Furthermore, there will be no excuse for the loss of whole litters due to hairlessness in the new-born pigs. This condition reflects an iodine deficiency that can be easily and cheaply prevented by supplying some potassium iodide to the sows. The favourite method consists of dissolving an ounce of potassium iodide in a gallon of water, keeping the liquid in a stone jar or crock, if an empty one can be found, and giving the sows a tablespoonful each, two or three times a week for the two months before farrowing.

"All pigs should be getting some salt and a little later, when the winter litters or early spring litters are coming, it will be necessary to attend to the particular needs of the sucklings that are being reared on cement or board floors; these young pigs need earth sods or an iron supplement like iron sulphate, or both. If this is not attended to anaemia will develop resulting in the loss of very much needed pigs to fill our quota and do all we should to keep Britain's people properly nourished.

The Help Problem

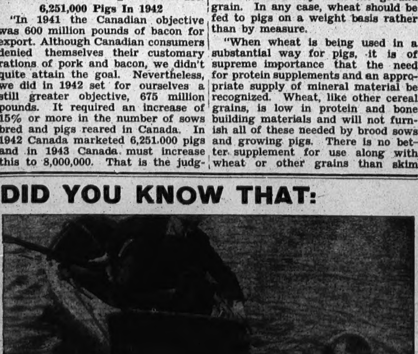
"The percentage of pigs that die before attaining market weight is all too high. It is obviously as important to halt pig losses as it is to extend our breeding programme. This suggests a number of other considerations as well as that of nutrition; it suggests warm quarters at farrowing; it suggests a guard rail in the farrowing pen; it suggests good sanitation and clean ground that will reduce the threat of loss from parasites and disease; and it suggests the best use of pasture crops in the summer season.

"Now, the first thing is to secure some additional breeding stock wherever the help situation will permit an enlarged tnterprise, and second, to make the entire herd function as efficiently as possible. The Department of Agriculture, the Experimental farms and the Agricultural College are ready to help if more information is desired. From these institutions bulletins and leaflets on swine production, are available merely for the asking; these contain more valuable detail about breeding, feeding, the use of the self-feeder and so on, than I am able to give in a short address.

"Saskatchewan is asked to enlarge and extend pig production by 70% this year. Another sow on every farm will about do it. Some say we can't achieve this; others say we can. I'm ready to say that if we can, we will; and our agricultural leaders may at least count on the live stock growers of this province doing all possible to achieve worthy goals in 1943."

MRS. A. S. CUSSON is now in perfect health. She had stubborn indigestion, constipation and biliousness with bad breath. Fruit-a-tives stimulated her liver—made her feel years younger. Buck up *your* liver with Fruit-a-tives, Canada's Largest Selling Liver Tablets.

DID YOU KNOW THAT:



—Plates courtesy Monetary Times, Toronto.

Fragile glass balls can float across the Pacific ocean without being broken? Globes of glass are used by Japanese fishermen to float their nets. Sometimes they break away and are recovered on British Columbia shores. None will take less than two years to cross the Pacific, many are known to have taken more than a quarter of a century before being recovered. This picture is from an Associated Screen News "Did You Know That?" movie short.

Eat ALL YOU WANT Without Distress
Take Wilder's STOMACH POWDER for instant relief.
Excess acid causes indigestion, dyspepsia, stomach distress. Check it with "Wilder's". Pleasant to take. Gives prompt relief. 50c and $1.00 at dealers.

Methods Used By The Nazis To Trick Prisoners

London. — Persuasion, playing on human weaknesses, and direct terrorism bordering on straight gangsterism, are among a dozen different methods employed by the Germans to trick British prisoners of war into giving away vital military information.

How the Axis attempts to confuse and trap prisoners into making statements is described in a pamphlet just issued to British troops. To all tricks there is only one answer—silence.

If captured German and Italian orders are a criterion, the Tommies are doing a pretty good job of keeping their lips buttoned, even in the face of third degree methods. The Italians, for instance held up British silence as an example to their own troops.

A captured German document referring to Middle East prisoners as the "silent service," said:

"As a prisoner the Englishman is arrogant, proud, cautious and absolutely secure. When himself a prisoner he counts upon German justice and correctness and usually behaves towards his own prisoners in a correct and fair manner. Experiences to the contrary should, perhaps, be considered exceptions . . ."

The pamphlet cited the following as examples of Axis interrogation:

Provocation method: the prisoner is treated contemptuously as a person of the smallest importance. "We know so much there is nothing you can tell me," says the German interrogation officer.

If the prisoner is a non-commissioned officer, the officer adds: "there is little a person such as yourself can tell me," if the prisoner is silent he continues: "I can't imagine why you were promoted. All I want is confirmation of a simple little thing I already know. You must be a complete fool." (Vanity is relied upon to provoke the prisoner into talking.)

Melodramatic method: The prisoner is marched into a room or tent lit by one flickering lantern. The interrogating officer at first pretends not to notice the prisoner.

Suddenly he looks up. "Your name?" when he has name, rank and number and the next question is greeted with silence, he orders the sentry to leave the tent. He looks pointedly at his revolver, placed like a stage prop on the table.

"I don't want to resort to methods we dislike," he says, and waits for the threat to work.

Third degree method: The prisoner is taken into a confined space such as an armored car. The interrogating officer speaks calmly:

"You are alone," he says. "You have a family. I dare say you hope to live. It is nice to be a hero when someone knows about it. But you are alone.

"Shout and no one will hear you and if they do they will not worry. I am not concerned with what you are fighting for—and if you are dead you will care still less. I intend to get what I want."

So the argument goes on. The note of death is constantly repeated . . . . "Who would know?"

Marching method: To break their morale, British prisoners in Libya were forced to march a strenuous 17 miles. Weary men would be told to "bed down." As soon as they did so they were made to march again. They were confined to a very small area with practically no shelter and the minimum of food and water. At the end of all this they were questioned.

The British answer to these methods is provided by a captured order of the day, issued by General Enea Navarrini, commander of the Italian 21st corps. It said: "When subject to questioning by our intelligence branch all the enemy prisoners refused firmly and categorically to give any military information of any kind whatsoever. They confined themselves to providing personal particulars and army numbers."

RUSSIAN ATHLETES

Sports Tournament To Be Held In Moscow

London.—In spite of the all-out war effort in Russia, a series of sports tournaments is scheduled in Moscow next month.

A London source says that for the first time since the war the all-Russian skating, swimming and skiing tournaments will be held in Moscow's "Dynamo" stadium.

The source says a number of famed Russian athletes now serving at the front will be granted furloughs to participate in the sports tourney.

FOR BEST RESULTS

Good Rationing Is Very Necessary For Farm Animals

Saskatoon. — Profitable production from farm animals was dependent upon various factors, not the least of which was the use of adequate yet economical rations, Prof. J. W. G. MacEwan, department of animal husbandry at the university, said in his address, at the annual meeting of the Saskatchewan Agricultural College Graduates' Association.

Good rationing, he stated, meant giving an animal what it needed to accomplish the task set for it. Quantity was one requirement, quality another. It was undoubtedly the case in some quarters that animals with full stomachs were literally starving.

The "newer knowledge" of nutrition seemed to revolve around minerals and vitamins, Prof. MacEwan said. Carbohydrates and fats would furnish fuel and energy while food protein would furnish muscle-building material, but it was increasingly clear that there were many other food factors involved in the adequate ration.

British Navy Is Stronger Than In Pre-War Days

London.—A. V. Alexander, first lord of the admiralty, declared that "although we have had heavy losses in aircraft carriers, we have more now than we had at the beginning of the war after replacing our losses."

"We have achieved this with at least 100,000 fewer workers in shipyards than in the last war," he added.

Replying to criticism that Britain is not building enough fast merchantmen, he said: "We are building quite a considerable proportion of a faster kind of cargo ship but if you want to put four knots increased speed onto an 11-knot ship you require double the size of engine capacity and 60 per cent. more skilled labor in producing engines.

"If we were to replace slow ships with the faster ships required we would have about 18 or 19 per cent. reduced imports."

(Britain has announced the loss of five aircraft carriers, the Ark Royal, Courageous, Glorious, Hermes and Eagle.

(Since the start of the war she has completed the Indomitable, Formidable, Victorious and Illustrious—and, from Alexander's statement, apparently also has added the new Indefatigable and Implacable to the fleet. Jane's Fighting Ships listed them as scheduled for completion in 1942.

(This would indicate a total of seven, the only pre-war carrier remaining unsunk being the Furious.)

In connection with his statement, it was recalled that Alexander told a Sheffield audience last Sept. 20 that the Royal navy's capital ship, carrier and cruiser losses of the last three years had been replaced.

"We have had in the last three or four months very heavy attacks by U-boats," Alexander said, "and we have taken a very heavy toll of the enemy.

"Our naval losses in this war would constitute a great fleet, yet in spite of the fact that we have had to replace those ships today we have a far larger naval strength than in 1939."

COAL RATIONING

Toronto Dealers Requested To Mete Out Requirements To Customers

Toronto. — Toronto coal dealers started "rationing" coal to customers in accordance with a telegraphic request by Coal Administrator J. McG. Stewart at Ottawa. Mr. Stewart asked dealers to distribute their present socks "only where there is a real and immediate necessity."

Dealers, estimating there is a month's normal supply of anthracite in the city, said there is no need for alarm.

Lt.-Col. George A. Drew, Ontario Conservative leader, urged Premier Gordon D. Conant to take immediate action under the powers given by the organization of resources act to meet a fuel shortage in Ontario.

POST-WAR SECURITY

OTTAWA. — A noted economist, John Gowans Parker, believes that this country's economy can finance a post-war federal debt of 10 billion dollars. Parker says he has no fear for Canada. The Dominion's national debt, he says, is one of the best securities which will exist in the post-war era.

2499

APPOINTMENT

Harold MacMillan, 48-year-old British under-secretary of colonies, has been named resident minister to serve in an advisory capacity with the Allied commander in North Africa. Lieut.-Gen. D. Eisenhower. He will report developments directly to Prime Minister Churchill.

HONOR CANADIANS

Two Pilots Posthumously Awarded The Czechoslovak Military Cross

London.—The London Gazette announced that two Canadians in the R.A.F. have been posthumously awarded the Czechoslovak Military Cross.

They were Acting Sqdn. Ldr. Robert Clare Bissett, D.F.C. and bar, of Edmonton, who has died, and Wing Cmdr. Mark Henry Brown of Glenboro, Man., D.F.C. and bar, who was killed in action in the Middle East in 1941. Brown was one of the R.A.F.'s outstanding fighter aces with at least 18 planes to his credit.

FARM LABOR SURVEY

Winnipeg.—Hon. Douglas Campbell, Manitoba minister of agriculture, announced a survey of farm labor needs in the province will be undertaken in co-operation with municipalities with the object of increasing farm production this year. Details of the survey will be announced in about 10 days, he said.

All Must Help In Keeping Down Cost Of Living

Ottawa. — Donald Gordon, chairman of the prices board, said in a message to consumer branch representatives in all parts of Canada that every housewife and consumer must realize the parts they had to play in fighting and winning "the battle on the home front."

"From every woman serving on the economic front," he said, "the task calls for courage, ingenuity, steadiness and patience, and for each in 1343 there is a four-fold program—keep the cost of living stabilized, but only what you need, eliminate waste and conserve what you have.

"The year before us, if we are all to make our utmost contribution to victory, will see increased diversion of materials to war production, increased exports of goods to our allies as well as to our own boys overseas, and increased diversion of shipping to war purposes. This will necessarily mean a less varied and a less ample supply of many civilian goods at home."

"But we must beware of any assumption that the battle against inflation has been won. Under conditions of war the threat is a constant one, and only by constant vigilance and determination can we hold our ground."

Mr. Gordon's message went out to more than 7,000 active officers of the consumer branch, including members of the women's regional advisory committees, sub-committees, corresponding members and liaison officers.

BUY CERTIFICATES

London.—The two young princesses have started the ball rolling in the sale of Britain's new war savings certificates. Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret Rose bought the first and second of the certificates at a village post office near where they're staying. Each princess handed over a pound sterling for the securities.

BIG SALVAGE JOB

Freighter Lifted From Halifax Harbor Being Made Seaworthy Again

Halifax.—Described as one of the biggest salvage jobs of its kind ever undertaken in Canada, a freighter has been lifted from the floor of the harbor here and is now being made seaworthy again in a Halifax shipyard.

In a case that was similar to the capsizing of the Normandie at her New York pier in everything but the size of the ships, the freighter, jammed with foodstuffs for Britain, burned and sank at her pier here Feb. 7, 1942.

The Foundation Maritime, Limited, raised the scarred freighter.

It took five months of work before the rusty and blackened prow of the ship jutted out of the water, and it was another two months before the freighter had been repaired sufficiently to be towed to the shipyard.

One life was lost in the raising of the freighter. A workman, cutting into the hold, was overcome by gas fumes escaping from the burned and water-logged vegetable cargo.

LOWER DRAFT AGE

Women In Britain Liable For Call At Nineteen

London.—The King signed a proclamation lowering from 20 to 19 the age at which women are liable to be drafted for national service.

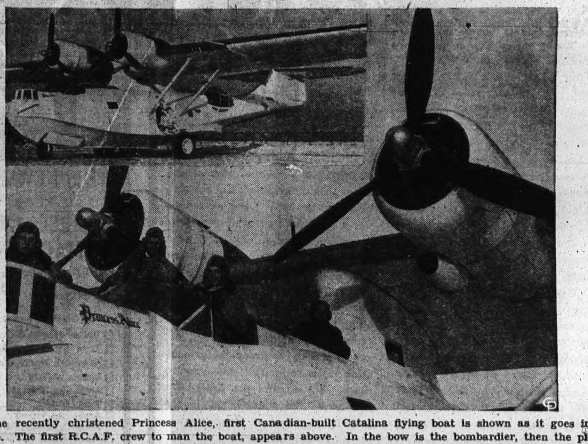
Single women born between July 1, 1922, and Dec. 31, 1923, will have the privilege of choosing between work in war industry and the uniformed services, or they may volunteer for nursing before being called up.

The proclamation also extended the operation of the service act to men who have reached 18 and are not 46.

MAY RATION BREAD

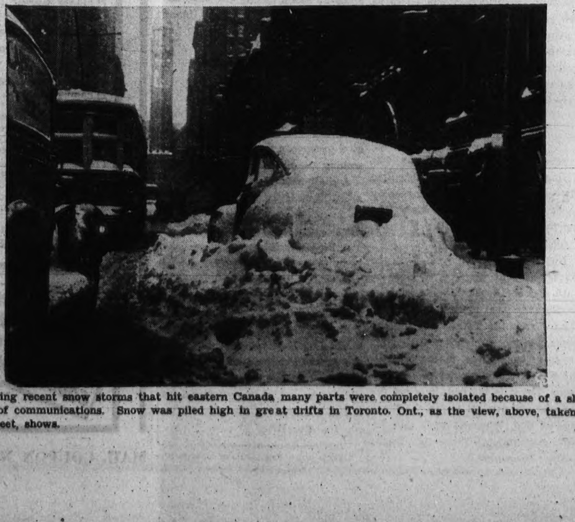
London.—Britain is prepared to introduce bread rationing on short notice if necessary. Lord Woolton, the food minister, said: "If we can reduce unnecessary consumption of wheat and still retain our health and vigor, there will be less need for use of shipping in bringing in food."

This Canadian Catalina Will Guard Canada's Shores



The recently christened Princess Alice, first Canadian-built Catalina flying boat is shown as it goes into service. The first R.C.A.F. crew to man the boat, appears above. In the bow is the bombardier, then the pilot and co-pilot, midships is shown the navigator and in the stern you see the face of the engineer of the ship. Insert, the ship itself.

Snow Storm Ties Up Traffic In Eastern Canada



During recent snow storms that hit eastern Canada many parts were completely isolated because of a slowing up of communications. Snow was piled high in great drifts in Toronto. Ont., as the view, above, taken on Bay Street, shows.

Germany Faced With Shortage Of Manpower

Stockholm.—Faced with mounting casualties and growing demands on new fronts, the Germans are making a stern effort to mobilize every available reserve by mustering into the army men previously rejected for military service, reliable diplomatic sources said.

A commission of high German army officers, these sources declared, is touring the Reich to comb out the last of the country's manpower—men previously pronounced unfit for active service for slight disabilities but who could be used as garrison troops in occupied countries or for desk work, thus releasing more able-bodied men for the front.

The Germans were said by these sources to be counting on this program to yield 2,000,000 men.

Observers pointed out, however, that the induction of these men into the armed forces would confront labor dictator Fritz Sauckel—already hard-pressed to find trained workers for important war industries—with a gigantic task of finding replacements in occupied lands.

Sauckel has a large staff of officials recruiting help from all Europe.

According to German announcements, 700,000 men already have been transported from the Ukraine to work in Germany's factories and on her farms.

Meanwhile reports in German newspapers and despatches from Swedish correspondents in Berlin indicate that conditions are becoming harder from day to day for the people on the German home front.

More and more plants are being converted from the production of goods for civilian consumption to the manufacture of war materials. It was reported reliably that last fall only 20 per cent. of the country's industrial capacity was producing peace-time goods.

Even the firm which has been manufacturing Nazi party flags and decorations for party affairs has been involved in the turnover and now is making camouflage materials — for which unrelenting British aerial assaults have created a great demand.

Shortages consequently are being felt more keenly in every line. While new clothing ration cards are being issued, the German press has warned the public to use them sparingly, and it will be possible to purchase a new suit only in case of "urgent necessity."

In order to save power and raw materials, cloth hereafter will be manufactured only in standard colors, with the number of shades available reduced from several hundred to between three and 10 for men's wear and 30 for women's.

FARMERS PRAISED

For Their Contribution Of Food For War Needs Last Year

Washington. — President Roosevelt and other United Nations leaders patted Canadian and American farmers on the back for the food contributed to war in 1942 and reminded them that 1943 production is being counted on heavily for further steps toward victory.

In a special farm mobilization day radio program, the president's message, read by James F. Byrnes, director of economic stabilization, told how the United Nations "are pooling their food resources and using them where they will do the most good."

"Canada is sending large shipments of cheese, meats and other foods on the short north Atlantic run to Britain," the president said.

"Australia and New Zealand are providing a great deal of food to American soldiers stationed in that part of the world. Food from Latin America is going to Great Britain."

"Food is a weapon in total war—fully as important in its way as guns or planes or tanks."

Maxim Litvinoff, Russian ambassador, told the American soil tillers that their food "played no small part in making it possible for the Soviet troops . . . . to deal mighty blows at the Fascist troops . . . . to destroy Nazis by hundred thousands and drive them back."

MINISTER TO RUSSIA

Moscow.—Diplomatic relations between the Soviet Union and Australia were formally established when the Australian minister, William Slater, presented his credentials to Michael Kalinin, chairman of the presidium of the Supreme Soviet.

Buy War Savings Certificates

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Member of The Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association

Office of Publication
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

Subscription, to all parts of the Dominion, $2.00 per annum; United States and Great Britain, $2.50; Foreign, $3.00; payable in advance.

Business locals, 15c per line.

Legal notices, 15c per line for first insertion; 12c per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary notices inserted free of charge, but lists of floral offerings charged at 10 cents per line.

Display advt. rates on application.

W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Fri., Jan. 29, 1943

A DAY WITH THE NAVY

(By Walter R. Legge)

Naturally we could not see all of Canada's efforts without seeing something of the Navy, for Canada has an important part in the naval services, even in Great Britain.

Our original programme called for seeing an important ceremony at a naval station where Canadians form a part. However, at the time this was to take place, our party was far from the location, and it meant a loss of two days in travelling to go and return. As this represented a lot out of our remaining time, it was decided to take us instead to a naval base nearer at hand.

While we did miss seeing any of the Canadian naval forces, it gave us an opportunity to visit one of the most famous of English bases. With Lieut. Downton as our guide, we set off on September 14th, and travelling over one of the old roads of England, finally arrived at our destination.

The first thing we were shown was one of the most famous ships in English history, which is now a national shrine, Nelson's famous flagship, the "Victory."

This ship, completed in 1765, took six years to build, and although it is 177 years old, and has probably been visited by millions of people, it looks almost new.

It was from the deck of this ship that Nelson sent out his famous message which has echoed around the world, and still inspires the hearts of Britons everywhere, "England expects that every man will do his duty." It inspired his men to win the greatest naval battle in history, a battle that changed the history of the world. It was British skill and bravery that won that battle of Trafalgar, for the French ships were larger, faster, more numerous and carried more guns.

Nelson had 27 British ships, while the French had 33, and when the battle was over 18 of the enemy ships had been captured and the rest sunk or scattered. But Nelson himself died a hero's death.

We felt that we were treading hallowed ground as we gazed on the plate on the deck which shows the exact spot where Nelson fell, and the roped-off space between decks, where he died with the words "Thank God, I have done my duty." The plate on the deck reads, "Here Nelson Fell, 21st Oct., 1805," while a plate amid ships records that, "Here Nelson Died."

It is interesting to compare the size of the "Victory" with a modern battleship. The Victory is 186 feet long, with a beam of 52 feet, and has three gun decks with 100 guns. She could fire a broadside of 52 guns. A modern battleship is more than four times as long.

The Victory was 40 years old when it led the fleet in the Battle of Trafalgar. Today a battleship is obsolete in half of that time.

To raise anchor, boys would pull the chain a certain distance and run forward to nip again, and from this came the expression "Nipper."

From this visit to the ancient Victory we were taken over a modern destroyer of the "Hunt" class, a destroyer which actually took part in the Dieppe raid, which gave us a vivid picture of the exacting requirements of modern warfare and the contrast in ships.

Among the ships that happened to be in port, so that we had an opportunity of seeing them, were the Royal Yacht, which is now a destroyer, and the Sultan, a 100-year-old ship now used as a training ship for engineers.

While travelling around the harbor in a launch, we met an interesting sailor. This man, a Canadian, and his son were brought back wounded from Dieppe, and the son died from his injuries. The father adopted another sailor, an orphan who looked after him when wounded.

After a splendid lunch in the Officers' Mess, we were first given a realistic A.R.P. demonstration in which incendiaries, bombs, gas, and wounded were taken care of. Smoke bombs added realism to the show, and the rescue of wounded from a high tower by ropes was very interesting.

Our next call was at the chapel, the Chapel of St. Ambrose. Dedicated on December 18th, 1935, this chapel has many unusual features, including emblems of many submarines, around the walls, among others, that of the "Thetus," which was lost and afterward recovered. It has since given a very good account of itself. All the funiture in the chapel was presented by friends.

A trip through the submarine base was most enlightening, one specially interesting demonstration was methods of escape from a submarine under water. This we watched through the glass walls of an enormous tank filled with water.

Then a hurried visit to numerous buildings, in which naval training, physical training and drills were going on, and a mess where 1,000 men are fed at one time.

The most impressive feature of the afternoon was a review of four thousand trainees, with band and everything.

While everyone connected with the enormous base is working most strenuously, they still have time to look after 50 acres of potatoes on the grounds, although we found it difficult to believe that 50 acres could be found for such a purpose.

After being given afternoon tea at the Officers' Mess, we were taken around the nearby city to see the bomb damage. For this trip and the other little motoring we did while at the base, WRENS were chauffeurs. There are a large number of WRENS employed at various tasks around the base.

It was a day packed with interesting and instructive sights, and we were sorry to have to start away on our long journey in our bus, to our headquarters. The trip was broken at Liphook, where we visited the Royal Anchor hotel, which was built in 1416. The rooms in this hotel are all named after famous people who have stayed in them, and bear such names as Nelson, Samuel Pepys, William Duke of Clarence, the Duchess of Kent, etc. In front of the hotel is a fine old chestnut tree which is reputed to be 300 years old.

Altogether, our day with the Navy brought home to us that Britain's greatness has come from her Navy, and that the spirit of Nelson is still carrying on.

"V"

CORRESPONDENCE

"From the beginning Jesus was part of the world, but until this time He was not manifest to man—they could not see Him, and so know Him not."—Newman Campbell. For contradiction see John 6:46.

Not that any man hath seen the Father save he which is of God—he hath seen the Father. Do not let your intelligence strip up your conscience. I have seen the Father and the son Jesus, and the difference in their power. Jesus has a great power, but still the Father has a greater power than Jesus. But it is too bad. It is not for the wise and prudent to find the Kingdom of God. Whoever reads this, let him understand. Yours in Truth. —Alex. Verguenne.

QUEEN ELIZABETH APPROVES THE C.G.I.T. UNIFORM

There are forty thousand Canadian Girls in Training and during the week February 7 to 14 we are going to hear about this programme for 'teen age girls begun 28 years ago within the Protestant churches of the Dominion. The girls wear a uniform, the chief part of which is the middy, originated in the Navy, worn with a dark skirt, tie and insignia. During the visit of Their Majesties to Canada, Queen Elizabeth commented several times upon its attractiveness.

During C.G.I.T. week, which follows national boys' week and will be inaugurated by a joint boys' and girls' Sunday school in many churches, congregations will be given an opportunity to learn of this method of Christian education through such events as a church service, parents' or family night, mother and daughter banquet, or further joint activities with boys' groups. The theme for the week is "Turn you and take your journey."

The ideal C.G.I.T. group is the Sunday school class meeting in the midweek, the purpose, the development of Christian character through vital connection with the whole life of the church. Mid-week programmes include worship, business, projects, activity, games and singing.

Provincial girls' work boards, their secretaries, and religious education councils direct the planning of programmes and other work, while the national oversight is given through the national girls' work board of the religious education council. Provincial camps are promoted during the summer months.

In some provinces, C.G.I.T. week is also finance week, when contributions are made in support of the provincial girls' work boards.

"V"

REQUIREMENTS OF A SUCCESSFUL PRINTER

"Pop, whadda ya have to know to be a printing foreman? Mom says you don't know much and still make good money."

"Leave your Mom out of this, Junior. A printing foreman's got to be a fine craftsman, an inventor, a father to apprentices and a Dutch uncle to two-thirders, an instructor, an analyst of processes, a judge of men, a leader, a walking encyclopedia, a statistician, an apologist for slow deliveries, a file clerk, a trouble shooter, a pepper-upper and a smoother-downer, a type-metal mixer, an ink-doper. He's got to know the difference between six point and nonpareil, and when a spaceband flies out of the monotype keyboard and gets wedged under an electro on the offset press, he's got to pull the lever on the grindle-drink before the wapakoneta jams the widge, short-circuits the paper-baler and leaves the whole plant in the dark. He worries from Monday morning till Friday night."

"Gee, Pop, don't the owner of the place have to know anything?"

"Naw. He just goes around gathering up work, telling the customers about what'll cost, brings it in and dumps it in the foreman's lap." —The Informant.

"V"

A FEW DEFINITIONS

A Conference is a group of men who, individually, can do nothing, but as a group can meet and decide that nothing can be done.

A Statistician is a man who draws a mathematically precise line from an unwarranted assumption to a foregone conclusion.

A Professor is a man whose job it is to tell students how to solve the problems of life which he himself has tried to avoid by becoming a professor.

An Efficiency Expert is a man who knows less about your business than you do and gets paid more for telling you how to run it than you could possibly make out of it even if you ran it right instead of the way he told you to.—Bee Hive.

Carry your registration certificate.

Chevrolet and Oldsmobile
DEALERS

WE CARRY
PHILCO and WESTINGHOUSE RADIOS
and are Prepared to Give You First-Class Service

Grease - Oil - Gas - Anti-Freeze - Heaters
WESTINGHOUSE REFRIGERATORS

CROWS' NEST PASS MOTORS
BLAIRMORE - - - - Phone 105

HIDDEN BIRDS

(Alfred I. Tooke)

In each of the following sentences a bird is hiding. Can you find them all?

1. In the zoo we saw the gnu that chased Keeper Jones out of the corral.
2. Such a thing doesn't often occur, as so wise a man is seldom caught napping.
3. His rib is still sore where the gnu butted him.
4. And he got quite a bunt in getting over the fence.
5. Keeper Jones is kind to animals and just chuckles about such happenings.
6. After such a fracas so wary a man will probably be doubly cautious.
7. While there we came across Billy Smith, our neighbor.
8. He was watching some industrious elephants carry logs for a new building.
9. When he returns your book I will borrow it next if you don't mind.
10. They have taken that awful marsh and made a lake of it.

Keep this. We will publish correct answers next month.

PRESS IS SUFFERER

By order of the federal government, all liquor advertising throughout Canada has been prohibited as from January 31st, 1943.

It is difficult to see what benefits can be derived by such a move. Magazines and other periodicals of United States or other origin will appear with greater volumes of such advertising than ever before. Curtailing advertising is depriving the Canadian Press of a source of revenue, and there is little doubt that benefits in the way of greater business was the main purpose of such advertising.

Now, with the press deprived of a very lucrative source of revenue, to which the "drys" were not contributing, the government still has the audacity of almost daily expecting gratis assistance from the press in all departmental matters. During recent years the press was also deprived of a great amount of legal advertising, both provincial and federal, a great portion of which is never seen by the parties most interested.

If the governments feel that they are entitled to free column space assistance from the press, surely that press is entitled to some consideration; otherwise the w.p.b. should be a resting place for much of the "free" departmental literature.

"V"

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS—order them at The Enterprise office at the same price as you can get them at the factory, or from a traveller. Keep as much money as you can in Blairmore.

"V"

Remember Hong Kong! Avenge it! Buy War Savings Certificates.

SENSATIONAL READING BARGAINS FOR THESE "Stay-at-Home" Times

THIS NEWSPAPER (1 YEAR) and THREE GREAT MAGAZINES

For Both Newspaper and Magazines $3.50

GROUP "A"—Select One
[] Better Homes & Gardens 1 Yr.
[] True Story Magazine ..... 1 Yr.
[] Woman's Home Comp..... 1 Yr.
[] Sports Afield ..... 1 Yr
[] Magazine Digest ..... 6 Mos.
[] Fact Digest ..... 1 Yr
[] American Home ..... 1 Yr
[] Parent's Magazine ..... 6 Mos
[] Open Road for Boys ..... 1 Yr
[] The Woman ..... 1 Yr
[] Science & Discovery..... 1 Yr
[] Liberty (Weekly) ..... 1 Yr.
[] Silver Screen ..... 1 Yr.
[] Screenland ..... 1 Yr.
[] Flower Grower ..... 1 Yr
[] American Girl ..... 1 Yr

GROUP "B"—Select Two
[] Maclean's (24 issues) ..... 1 Yr.
[] Canadian Home Journal 1 Yr.
[] Chatelaine ..... 1 Yr
[] National Home Monthly 1Yr.
[] Family Herald & Weekly Star ..... 1 Yr.
[] New World (Illustrated) 1 Yr
[] Free Press Prairie Farmer ..... 1 Yr
[] Western Producer ..... 1 Yr
[] Country Guide ..... 2 Yrs
[] Canada Poultryman ..... 2 Yrs.
[] Canadian Silver Fox & Fur ..... 1 Yr.
[] Canadian Horticulture & Home ..... 1 Yr.
[] Click (Picture Mthly.) ... 1 Yr.
[] Canadian Poultry Rev. ... 1 Yr
[] American Fruit Grower 1 Yr.

SAVE MONEY!

Enjoy the finest magazines while saving tires and gas. Only through this newspaper can you get such big reading bargains. Pick your favorites and mail coupon to us TODAY.

THIS NEWSPAPER (1 Year) and Your Choice THREE POPULAR MAGAZINES

For Both Newspaper and Magazines $3.00

[] Maclean's (24 issues)..... 1 Yr.
[] Canadian Home Journal 1 Yr.
[] Chatelaine ..... 1 Yr.
[] National Home Monthly 1 Yr.
[] Family Herald & Weekly Star ..... 1 Yr.
[] New World (Illustrated) 1 Yr.
[] Free Press Prairie Farmer ..... 1 Yr.
[] Western Producer ..... 1 Yr.
[] Country Guide ..... 2 Yrs
[] Canada Poultryman ..... 2 Yrs.
[] Canadian Silver Fox & Fur ..... 1 Yr.
[] Canadian Horticulture & Home ..... 1 Yr.
[] Click (Picture Monthly) 1 Yr
[] American Fruit Grower.. 1 Yr.
[] Canadian Poultry Rev. .. 1 Yr.
[] American Girl..... 6 Mos.

ALL OFFERS FULLY GUARANTEED

THIS NEWSPAPER (1 YEAR) and ANY MAGAZINES LISTED

Both for Price Shown

All Magazines Are For 1 Year
[] Maclean's (24 issues) 2.50
[] Canadian Home Journal. 2.50
[] Chatelaine 2.50
[] National Home Monthly.. 2.50
[] Family Herald & Weekly Star 2.50
[] New World (Illustrated).. 2.50
[] Free Press Prairie Farmer 2.50
[] Western Producer 2.50
[] Country Guide (2 yrs.) 2.50
[] Canada Poultryman (2 yrs.) 2.50
[] Canadian Silver Fox & Fur 2.50
[] Click (Picture Monthly).. 2.50
[] Canadian Horticulture & Home 2.25
[] Canadian Poultry Review 2.50
[] True Story Magazine 2.75
[] Woman's Home Comp. 2.75
[] Sports Afield 2.75
[] Liberty (Weekly) 2.90
[] Magazine Digest 3.75
[] Silver Screen 3.00
[] Screenland 3.00
[] Look 3.75
[] American Home 2.75
[] Parent's Magazine 3.10
[] Christian Herald 3.10
[] Open Road for Boys 2.50
[] American Girl 2.75
[] Red Book 3.75
[] American Magazine 3.75
[] Collier's Weekly 3.75
[] Child Life 3.50
[] Canadian Woman 3.75
[] Flower Grower 2.75

COUPON { FILL IN AND MAIL TO THIS NEWSPAPER TODAY

Check magazines desired and enclose with coupon.

Gentlemen: I enclose $ .... Please send me the offer checked, with a year's subscription to your paper.

NAME ....

POST OFFICE ....

STREET OR R.R. .... PROV. ....

MAIL COUPON NOW (or HAND IT IN) TO THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

THE PASS EIGHTEEN YEARS AGO

(The Blairmore Enterprise, 1925)

Jan. 1.—Officers of Rocky Mountain Lodge 86, A. F. & A. M., were installed last Saturday night by G. A. Passmore, D.D.G.M., as follows: R. W. H. Pinkney, W.M.; H. Burns, I.P.M.; R. McMillan, S.W.; I. Comfort, J.W.; W. A. Beebe, treasurer; J. R. Gresham, secretary; L. W. Clark, chaplain; D. Rees, S.D.; W. Lord, J.D.; T. S. Dawson, S.S.; H. H. Griesbach, J.S.; W. Thomas, organist; J. Davis, tyler.

The marriage took place at Hillcrest on Saturday last of Miss Lillian Mansell, of Hillcrest, to Mr. Peter Montalbetti, of Blairmore.

This was the time of year when dad said he was old and bent, and his son announced he was young and broke.

A local dummy has an impediment in his speech. He lost the third finger of his right hand.

The work of pile-driving and cribbing along a section of the main river through town was well under way, in charge of Mr. A. McLeod.

Jan. 8.—It has been discovered that Bartletts and Beebes have been akin for at least a century.

The marriage of Miss Annie Andel, of Frank, to Mr. Joseph V. McDougall, of Blairmore, took place at St. Anne's church the early part of this week. A wedding breakfast was served at the Cosmopolitan hotel at 9 a.m., with about forty guests present.

Misses Flora Warner, Marguerite Wiswell, Sarah McVey, Mary Kroli, Benvenuta Pozzi and Inez Brunetto have returned to Calgary normal school after spending the Yuletide at their homes here.

Messrs. W. Dutil, R. Thompson, R. Pinkney, G. Kafoury, Lindsay Carter and Miss Eleanor Farmer had returned to Alberta University after spending Christmas holidays here.

Jack O'Neill, on his 87th birthday, was at Vanouver charged with selling drugs to women.

Jan. 15. — At a joint meeting of Oddfellows and Rebekahs this week, D. A. Howe was installed as noble grand of the I.O.O.F., and Mrs. Davis as noble grand of the Rebekahs. A turkey supper was followed by speeches, singing and dancing.

A hat, coat, shirt, shoes, seven false teeth and the power of speech were reported lost by someone this week. Finder was to leave same with Hartley Upham, barber.

The square miles of standing room in the local post office was being increased.

At a vote of the congregation of the Institutional church at Coleman, all but one favored the United Church of Canada proposal.

Miss Charlotte McEachern, for three years on the Coleman teaching staff, has resigned to accept a position on the Lethbridge staff.

The Blairmore Enterprise had this week set going a modern typesetting machine, imported direct from New York.

Jan. 29. — Following the evening service at Central Union church on Sunday, the congregation voted unanimously in favor of entering the United Church of Canada. The chair for the meeting was occupied by Mr. W. H. Chappell, while Rev. W. T. Young, the pastor, explained the objects of the union.

"V"

A train with 800 passengers was blown off the track in a blizzard in the interior of Newfoundland a few days ago. A few of the passengers suffered injuries.

"V"

Jake was a worthless and improvident fellow. One day he said to his grocer: "I've got to have a sack of flour; I'm all out, an' my family is starvin'."

"All right, Jake," said the grocer. "If you need a sack of flour and have no money to buy it with, we'll give you a sack. But, see here, Jake, there is a circus coming to town in a few days, and if I give you a sack of flour, are you sure you won't sell it and take your family to the circus?"

"Oh, no," cried Jake. "I got the circus money saved up already."

DOLLARS ENLISTING

Dollars are not only being drafted in this war, they're enlisting, too.

At Houston, Texas, a call for 36,000,000 green-backed "soldiers" for another cruiser to replace the lost Houston brought an enlistment of 85,000,000 eager silver certificates.

News of the sinking of the cruiser Atlanta has caused a strange rustling among Atlanta bank accounts, as patriotic dollars rush for the United States Treasury and a career in the Navy.

One might not suspect a silver disk or a green bit of paper of having much of a heart. But there's proof to the contrary. When a 14-year-old girl in Cambridge, Massachusetts, was robbed of her War Savings Stamps just as she was about to purchase her first War Bond with hard-saved candy and movie money, billfolds and change purses became exceedingly agitated. Dimes and dollars began behaving like Mexican jumping beans, and before you could say Uncle Sam, enough volunteers had rushed from all directions to replace the stolen stamps.

In Boston, the United War Front is calling for 7,800,000 enrolees, representing the largest war-chest mobilization ever undertaken. Thousands of volunteers have rushed to join the dollar-sign troops, even before the opening of the drive.

Many millions of silver soldiers have already signed up with the War Bond division and seen service. News from the front would seem to indicate that these pocketbook volunteers are exceedingly tough on the enemy.

"V"

SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTION OFFERS

The Enterprise has the agency for and offers the following papers and magazines at the following rates:

American Girl, one year	$2.00
American Fruit Grower, 1 year	.50
American Home Magazine, 1 yr	1.50
American Magazine, one year	3.00
American Mercury, one year	3.50
Better Home & [illegible] yr	3.50
Better Home and Gardens, 1 yr	1.50
Canadian Home Journal, 1 year	1.00
Canadian Home & Gardens, 1 yr	2.00
Canadian Horticulture & Home, two years	1.00
Chatelaine Magazine, one year	1.00
Child Life, one year	2.75
Children's Activities (10 nos) yr	3.50
Christian Herald, one year	2.50
Collier's Weekly, one year	3.00
Country Guide, 1 yr 50c, 3 yrs	1.00
Canadian Geographic, one year	3.00
Canadian Poultryman, two years	1.00
Canadian Silver Fox & Fur, 1 yr	1.00
Canadian Poultry Review, 1 year	1.00
Click Magazine, one year	1.00
Cosmopolitan, one year	3.50
Country Gentleman, two years	1.00
Canadian Farmer (Ukrainian Weekly) one year	2.00
Column Review, one year	3.00
Der Nordwestern (weekly) 1 yr	2.00
Esquire Magazine, one year	5.50
Etude, one year	2.75
Fact Digest, one year	1.50
Family Herald & Weekly Star, three years	2.00
Free Press Prairie Farmer, 1 yr	1.00
Flower Grower, one year	2.00
Good Housekeeping, one year	3.50
Jack and Jill, one year	2.50
Ladies' Home Journal, one year	1.50
Liberty, one year	2.00
Look, one year	3.00
Life, one year	5.50
Magazine Digest, one year	3.00
Maclean's Magazine, one year	1.00
McCall's Magazine, one year	1.50
Nature Magazine, one year	3.00
Newsweek, one year	5.00
National Home Monthly, 1 year	1.00
New World, one year	1.00
Open Road (for boys) one year	1.50
Parents' Magazine, one year	2.50
Photoplay - Movie Mirror, 1 year	1.50
Popular Mechanics, one year	3.00
Popular Science Monthly, 1 year	2.50
Reader's Digest, one year	3.00
Red Book, one year	3.00
Saturday Evening Post, one year	3.00
Saturday Night, one year	3.00
Science Digest, one year	3.50
Screenland, one year	2.00
Silver Screen, one year	2.00
Science & Discovery, one year	1.50
Sports Afield, one year	1.50
True Story Magazine, one year	1.50
Travel, one year	4.50
Time, one year	5.00
Western Producer, one year	1.00
Women's Home Companion, 1 yr	1.50
Your Life, one year	3.50
The Blairmore Enterprise, 1 year	2.00

"V"

After sixty years in the service of the Anglican church in the Calgary district, Ven. Archdeacon J. W. Tims has retired from active service with the church.

"V"

Two Fernie high school girls were engaged in conversation on the street.

First: "Tom tried to kiss me last night and I wouldn't let him."

Second: "Did it make him angry?"

First: "I should say so. He said he wished he had called on you."

SPEAKING OF YOU, SIR,

When

you interview a respected patron, Mr. Business man, or a firm's representative, you naturally endeavor to make a good impression. You are punctilious about your clothing and general appearance. Of course, you are. It's good business.

Then

why be satisfied when you correspond, to allow a poor piece of paper, indifferently printed, represent you to the heads of the firms or to that same patron.

After

all the stationery is your "paper self" interviewing your business associates. Why not keep it "dressed" properly, too?

THE ENTERPRISE JOB DEPARTMENT

gives intelligent study to every piece of printing.

The dress is "fitted" to the subject.

PHONE 11

AND CONSULT US ABOUT YOUR PRINTING PROBLEMS

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

More than 3,500,000 men and women in the United States were married during 1942, an all-time high.

Death of Senator G. P. Graham at Brockville raised to 13 the number of vacancies in the Senate. The standing now is as follows: Liberals, 45; Conservatives, 38; vacant, 13.

The wartime prices and trade board in a new order forbade further manufacture of full dress suits, tuxedos, cutaway and morning coats, Prince Alberts and formal vests.

Belgian news agency reported the Germans are establishing an inland defence line along the Meuse river in case of an Allied attack through northern France and Belgium.

The French national committee announced that the French Communist party, outlawed in its Nazi-dominated homeland, has formally aligned itself with the Fighting French organization.

Admiral William H. Standley arrived in Moscow in a bomber from Kuibyshev after a three months' absence for consultation in Washington on closer war collaboration between the United States and the Soviet Union.

Women students, as well as men in arts and other courses at Canadian universities, whose academic records are unsatisfactory, may be made subject to military or other war service, Chancellor G. P. Gilmour of McMaster University, said.

A Victoria Cross—the Empire's highest award "for valor" — was awarded to Capt. Robert St. Vincent Sherbrooke, commander of the British destroyer force which fought off a superior German naval detachment while protecting an important convoy to Russia.

A Slip For Matrons

By ANNE ADAMS

Here's a slip style designed especially for the larger figure! Anne Adams has given Pattern 4239 front and back panels for smooth lines. The built-up straps form one piece with each panel. For extra ease and comfort, the side bodice sections are bias cut.

Pattern 4239 is available in women's sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52. Size 36 takes 2⅛ yards 39-inch; 3½ yards lace edging.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

Found Right Name

Editor Solved Problem Of What To Call Copy Girl

A few weeks ago the first copy girl joined the staff of the Minneapolis Star Journal. Editors, who were used to bawling "Bo-o-o-oy!" when they wanted a story or a headline hustled to the composing room, didn't know at first just what to call Copy Girl Barbara Rexford. Then one of 'em hit on a happy solution, and catching himself suddenly, he shouted "Miss Bo-o-o-oy!" and "Miss Boy!" she's been ever since.

The port of Sousse, in Tunisia, was founded by the Phoenicians 30 centuries ago.

A Brindisi is a drinking song, the name being derived from the Italian word meaning toast. 2499

Proper Nutrition Is Health Ammunition Canadians Are Told As Campaign Begins

The Canadian Nutrition Program is underway, and all through the country people are giving more thought to the food they eat because they know that "Proper Nutrition is Health Ammunition."

People have become vitamin and mineral conscious in the last few years, realizing the importance of these substances to general health and fitness. They sometimes forget, however, that calories too, are important.

Just as cloth is measured in yards and water in gallons, food is measured in calories, or the amount of heat and energy it produces in the body. Foods vary greatly in caloric value. Fats ranks highest, followed by sugar and starches, while most fruits and vegetables, which contain large amounts of water have a low caloric value. People do not all need the same number of calories for individual needs vary with activity, age and other factors. The more physical work done the faster energy is burned up and the need for more calories increases. Every one needs more calories in winter than in summer, for the body has to produce more heat to maintain normal temperature with the thermometer at zero.

The wise meal planner, says Nutrition Services, is chosing her calories for the company they keep. In other words she plans to get a larger proportion of calories from foods which also contain the protective minerals and vitamins. Cheese, whole grain cereals, Canada Approved Bread and potatoes, cooked in their skins are examples of foods in which calories keep company with protective elements.

SMILE AWHILE

Wife—Every time you see a pretty girl, you forget you're married.

Husband—You're wrong, my dear. Nothing brings home the fact with so much force.

• • • •

Teacher (in physiology class) — Junior, can you give a familiar example of the human body as it adapts itself to changed conditions?

Junior—Yes-sum. My aunt gained fifty pounds in a year and her skin never cracked.

• • • •

"I hope you enjoyed your game with the major," said the hostess to one of her guests. "He's very clever at cards, isn't he?"

"He certainly is," replied the guest. "He started by telling my fortune, and now he's counting it."

• • • •

"Did you get a peep at the underworld while ye wuz in New York, Hiram?"

"Sure thing," said Hiram, "five times. Three times in the subway and twice goin' and comin' through the tunnel under the river."

• • • •

A clergyman had cause to reprove one of his parishioners. The latter lost his temper, and as a parting shot he shouted out:

"If I had an embecile son I would make him a minister."

"Your father thought differently replied the cleric meekly.

• • • •

Clerk—Anything else today?

Customer—No. Oh, I want to get a pair of shoes.

Clerk—Sorry, we don't have shoes.

Customer—You don't sell shoes? What kind of a drug store is this, anyway?

"Yep, I had a beard like yours once, but when I realized how it made me look I cut it off."

"Well, I had a face like yours once, and when I realized that I couldn't cut it off, I grew this beard."

• • • •

"Did your wife enjoy her vacation?"

"You bet. Found a place where none of the women had more than two gowns. She had three."

• • • •

Dora—I wonder why poor Arthur jumped into the river?

Joe—I think there was a woman at the bottom of it.

Household Hints

Sheets Will Wear Longer If Given Careful Attention

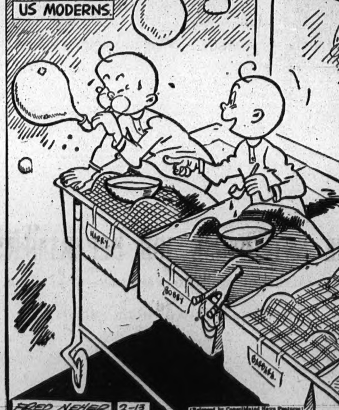
Consumer Information Service gives seven ways to make sheets last longer.

1. Beds should be made properly. Edges smoothed under the mattress get less abrasive wear than bunched-under edges.
2. Sheets should not be yanked off the bed but should be loosened all around the edges first.
3. Mattress pad should be used between sheet and matress.
4. Sheet should be reversed every other time used, putting bottom to top to distribute wear.
5. Bare springs should be covered with heavy cloth so that when sheets are tucked under the mattress the springs will not cause abrasive action against sheets.
6. Sheets should be washed as soon as possible after use. Oils and acids present on the skin's surface shorten the life of sheets.
7. Sheets, or pillow cases, should never be used for laundry bags.

Buy War Savings Stamps Regularly.

LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



"Do you inhale?"

Canadian Girl Guides

Pictures Of Guide Life Wanted From All Parts Of The Dominion

The Provincial Office has received a request from the Head of Publications, Canadian Girl Guides, Toronto, asking for pictures of Guide life from all parts of the Dominion. Snapshots showing camp life, training or teaching of the tests, have been specially asked for, and the snaps should have a clear, glossy finish. Any pictures showing Brownies, Guides or Rangers in action, either indoors or outdoors, will be most acceptable and Guides are asked to sent their contributions to the Saskatchewan Headquarters, 1933 Hamilton Street, Regina.

In view of the increased difficulty in obtaining supplies the Stores Department in Toronto have issued an appeal to all Guides throughout Canada for their co-operation and understanding in any slight delays which may arise in the filling of orders. The manufacture of insignia from metal has now become impossible and it has been suggested that each Company and Pack salvage any unwanted Tenderfoot or Recruit Pins belonging to members of their own company for future use. Economy and thoughtfulness in this connection will be of great help to the Stores Department and all Companies and Packs should make that one of their aims for the New Year.

The Saskatchewan office wishes to acknowledge the receipt of two quilts, one from the 9th Regina Company and one from the 1st Rose Valley Company, for shipment overseas. Miss Beatrice Millard, of the Fifth Lone Company, Ridgedale, has sent in two parcels of infant's clothing, and the 1st Yorkton Company has sent a splendid box of children's garments, which they collected at their Christmas party instead of giving presents to each other. All these contributions are gratefully acknowledged by the Packing committee.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 24

JESUS THE GREAT PHYSICIAN

Golden text: Wouldest thou be made whole. John 5:6.
Lesson: John 5.
Devotional reading: Psalm 116:1-8.

Explanations and Comments

The Cure at the Pool of Bethesda, John 5:1-9. In Jerusalem by the sheepgate there was a pool where the sheep destined for sacrifice were washed. Around the pool there were porches consisting of small compartments, covered overhead but open toward the pool. The pool was called in Hebrew **Bethesda,** which means **House of Mercy.** There the sick, the blind, the halt, the withered collected, hoping to be cured, and among them was a man who had been afflicted for 38 years. His trouble seemingly was paralysis. One of the Jewish feasts had brought Jesus to Jerusalem, and when he saw the man lying there he asked, "Wouldest thou be made whole?" Hast thou the desire to be made well? The man may have been there helpless for so long that he had lost all hope, and Jesus would first arouse his desire, his will. Or the man may have become resigned to his fate, and so used to the charity doled out to him that he wished nothing better.

"I have no man, when the water is troubled, to put me into the pool," the man replied; "while I am coming, another steppeth down before me." It was evidently an intermittent spring, and according to popular superstition only the freshly bubbling water was beneficent, and was ascribed to supernatural agency.

"Arise, take up thy bed and walk," said Jesus to the afflicted man. The bed was only a blanket, or a mat, which would be easily rolled up and carried. Sometimes it was only an outer garment. At once the man was able to do as Jesus bade.

Jesus Challenged Because of a Cure on the Sabbath, John 5:10-17. When the Jews told the man that it was not lawful for him to carry his bed on the Sabbath, he had the best possible defense: he who had made him whole had given the command to take up his bed and he had obeyed—a greater than Moses was there. "Intuitively the man lays down the great principle of Christian obedience. If Christ be the source of life to me, he is also the source of law."

There has been no successful invasion of Britain since 1066; no civil war since 1660.

Recipe Of The Week

Save that cup of leftover applesauce from the breakfast table. It's just the ingredient you will need to add surprise flavor and extra moistness to those spicy All-Bran Cookie Jar Gems. Make three dozen gems at a time so you will have plenty on hand for tucking in school lunch boxes and serving the crowd when they come in hungry-as-bears from out-door activities. Here's the recipe:

ALL-BRAN COOKIE JAR GEMS

½ cup shortening	1 teaspoon cinnamon
1 cup sugar	½ teaspoon nutmeg
1 egg	½ teaspoon cloves
1 teaspoon soda	½ teaspoon salt
1 cup sweetened applesauce	1 cup chopped nutmeats
1¾ cups flour	1 cup bran cereal

Blend shortening and sugar together. Add egg and beat well. Add soda to applesauce. Sift flour with spices and salt; add to first mixture alternately with applesauce. Add nutmeats and bran cereal. Drop by teaspoonfuls on greased baking sheet about two inches apart to allow for spreading. Bake in moderate oven (375 degrees F.) 15 to 20 minutes.

Yield: Three dozen cookies (2½ inches in diameter).

GEMS OF THOUGHT

RIGHTEOUSNESS

To be perfectly just is an attribute of the divine nature; to be so to the utmost of our abilities, is the glory of man.—Joseph Addison.

Love is an image of God, and not a lifeless image, but the living essence of the divine nature which beams full of all goodness.—Martin Luther.

What cannot love and righteousness achieve for the race? All that can be accomplished, and more than history has yet recorded. — Mary Baker Eddy.

When Infinite Wisdom established the rule of right and honesty, He saw to it that justice should be always the highest expediency. — Wendell Phillips.

Divine Providence has granted this gift to man, that those things which are honest are also the most advantageous.—Quintilian.

The cucumber probably was first grown in northern India.

MICKIE SAYS—

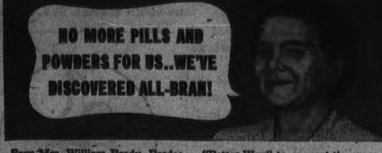
THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson

ANSWER: Boots, in "Boots and Her Buddies," by Martin.

REG'LAR FELLERS—Quick Returns

BY GENE BYRNES



Says Mrs. William Brady, Pardee, Ontario: "We have no more use for harsh cathartics! When we found out about ALL-BRAN we knew we'd never go back to pills or powders any more. KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN is *certainly* the 'Better Way'!"

Why don't *you* buy KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN? Try ALL-BRAN'S "Better Way" to correct the cause of constipation due to lack of the right kind of "bulk" in your diet. But remember, ALL-BRAN doesn't work like cathartics. It takes time. Get ALL-BRAN at your grocer's, in two convenient size packages, or ask for the individual serving package at restaurants. Made by Kellogg's in London, Canada.

SANDS OF HAZARD

By J. B. RYAN

CHAPTER III.

THE hood of the barracan had fallen back, revealing the coal-black hair of the strange girl. As Jack Storey obtained his first full glimpse of her flawless features and pale olive complexion, a sudden lunge on the part of the girl broke the grasp of her two captors.

"No, no!" she cried, plunging blindly through the gathered soldiers. "You must not hinder me——"

But the police were too many. An arm whipped out, and the girl was made prisoner once more.

The sergeant grunted. "You do not wish to appear before Captain Lebeau? Then you were surely responsible for the death of this man!"

"I did not kill him." The girl had forced herself into a measure of composure. "Nor, for that matter, did Monsier le Americain——"

The non-com gestured to his men. "Come. The Captain can question these people."

Jack Storey fell in step with the girl as the couple were marched along the street. "Do not be alarmed, Madamoiselle," he tried to reassure her. "The officer in charge of Ain Saffa will be just. We shall be free as soon as a few routine details are complied with."

The starlight touched her white teeth as the girl attempted to return his smile. "Oh, Monsieur Storey," she murmured, "why did you not remain in the coffee-house until the police arrived? Then I would not be in this predicament——"

"But we can prove that Ismeddin was bent on robbery——"

"I suppose so." Her voice sank lower. "You will go free, but I——" She took advantage of a narrowing of the street to press closer to him. "Monsieur Storey," she whispered, "I tried to save you from Andre Ribbot. Would you help me in turn by stating that I am your sister? It may not work, but if I can keep my identity secret . . ."

"But I have no sister——" he began, then checked himself. "Of course, Madamoiselle. What is your name?"

"Annette," she told him. "That much of my right name will arouse no suspicion—if you do not fail me."

THE conversation was ended by their arrival at the tall building that was the headquarters of the Spahis. The commander of the garrison, Captain Lebeau, was at his desk. The captain heard the report of the sergeant, wrote the names of John Storey and Annette Storey in a ledger, then informed the prisoners that the case would be dealt with in the morning; Algeria being a part of France and the death of a native in Ain Saffa receiving the same careful consideration and investigation as a killing in Paris itself.

Annette's disappointment over their detention was such that Storey, seated in the cheerless room that was his cell, was inclined to the belief that the girl was in fear of the law. Yet she had risked exposure to save him from the knives of the Kahiri. The least Storey could do was to keep up the pretense of relationship which, so far, had gone unquestioned.

However, Storey had reckoned without the efficiency of the French, even in such an isolated post as the oasis of Ain Saffa. The morning that followed a sleepless night was well advanced before the door of Storey's cell was unlocked. As he preceded the guard down the corridor he encountered Annette also being escorted to the office of Captain Lebeau.

"There is a slight irregularity here, Monsieur Storey." Lebeau studied a typewritten paper in his hands. "We radioed Ghardaia last night, checking up on your story. Ghardaia states that you lived in that vicinity for almost 10 years, ever since your now-deceased father came to Algeria to form a partnership in a sheep-raising business with Kaid Ibrahm. The enterprise was yours since the death of the kaid three years ago. Recently you sold your sheep and lands and are now on your way to the United States." The officer paused. "All this is true, Monsieur?"

"That's my dossier," nodded Storey. "Now, about that Berber who was shot——"

"One moment, please." Captain Lebeau held up a hand, his eyes still on the printed report. "There is also a description of you which seems to tally with your appearance. Height—one and eight-tenths meters; hair—dark brown; eyes—blue; cleft chin, and a nose not exactly straight. However," Lebeau looked over the top of the paper, "there is no mention of any sister."

Storey smiled. "Naturally there would not be. Annette spent all her life in America. She was to meet me in Cairo, but could not wait. and came on to Ain Saffa instead."

THE Frenchman cleared his throat, and he dropped his official attitude long enough to smile at the girl standing beside Jack Storey. "I hope that also proves true. It grieves me to keep one so charmingly beautiful under lock and key. I would hate to send her to Algiers or to Vichy."

"What makes you doubt her?" demanded Storey. "I'll take all the blame for that street fight. She had nothing to do with it."

Lebeau explained. "Monsieur Andre Ribott was with me when these reports came in. When it was disclosed that Monsieur Storey had no sister, Ribott suggested that I radio a description of the Mademoiselle to Biskra and Algiers." He glanced at the girl once more. "Algiers asks that you be held pending investigation. They are quite certain that you are Annette Fournier."

To the eyes of Lebeau the girl remained unmoved. But Storey saw one of the small hands below the level of the desk clench involuntarily. Annette Fournier—the name meant nothing to Storey. But, noting the controlled face of the girl and the watchful gaze of the captain of the Spahis, he sensed that Annette Fournier must be a personage of importance.

"Well, Mademoiselle?" queried Lebeau. "Are you Annette Fournier?"

"Nonsense!" Storey interrupted. "I have told you she is my sister."

"I am afraid we cannot accept your unsupported statement, Monsieur Storey. If she is Annette Fournier, I shall lose my position if I allow her to go."

"Just who is this Mademoiselle Fournier?"

"A traitor to France," said Lebeau. "An agent of De Gaulle, the man who would create civil war in France. The Free French have been declared outlaw. you know, yet in spite of that, Annette Fournier manages to flit from end to end of French Africa preaching the gospel of revolt against the proper heads of the Republic. Already Vichy views her activities with anxiety."

"Monsieur le Capitain," the girl approached the desk; "I shall tell you the truth. I am Annette Fournier."

There was a short silence. "You know what this admission means, Mademoiselle?" Lebeau asked gently. "The law against the adherents of the rebel De Gaulle is harsh even in its most lenient part."

"It means at least prison and perhaps—since I have caused considerable trouble—perhaps death," nodded the girl. "We are both French, Monsieur. You are, I gather, loyal to Vichy. Each of us, in his own way, has the interests of our stricken country at heart. She leaned over the desk-top. "Allons," she hummed, "enfants de la patrie—when shall we hear that in Paris once more, Capt. Lebeau?"

THE muscles tightened about the Frenchman's jaws. "Do not play upon my sympathies, Mademoiselle. I made my decision when France fell. I believe that Petain, and not De Gaulle, is the man who will bring our country safely out of the maelstrom the world has become."

"I am not asking you to transfer your allegiance," smiled Annette. "Is it not possible for you and me, followers of rival factions, to work together in the behalf of the France we both love? Keep me here, Captain, or send me to Algiers. But I beg you to see that Andre Ribott does not leave Ain Saffa."

"Ribott?" Lebeau frowned distrustfully. "Already Monsieur Ribott has left the oasis with his sheep, bound for Touggourt."

"He is not going to Touggourt!" cried the girl. "He is taking those sheep into Libya! Can you not see it, Monsieur? Why should Ribott be in Ain Saffa, so close to the border? Why should the men who drive the sheep be Kahiri. men not of Algeria?"

Lebeau shook his head. "Monsieur Ribott allowed me to examine his papers. There is no reason to doubt his integrity, Madomoiselle. He is a representative of the French government."

"Monsieur!" pleaded Annette Fournier. "Hear me! It is true that a man named Andre Ribott was sent to Algeria to buy food for France, but it is a different man who now goes under that name. This man whom we know as Andre Ribott may be French, but he is a renegade. He is neither loyalist nor Free French. He is using the money and the authority of the real Andre Ribott to round up sheep to be turned over to the Italian and German army in Libya."

Captain Lebeau said thoughtfully, "If this man is a masquerader, where is the real Andre Ribott?"

"A man was killed in Bou Saada, the town where Andre Ribott was to begin his purchases. He was unknown, and remained unidentified because his features were bashed in. Yet, a general description of the dead man tallies with that of the man whom I suspect of having taken his place."

"Suspect?" repeated Lebeau. "Then you cannot prove your charges, Madamoiselle?"

"Not yet," she admitted reluctantly. "I have trailed this Ribott across Algeria, but so far his actions have been what we would expect of the man he pretends to be. But it is in Ain Saffa that he must show his hand. You say he departed this morning, Captain. Would you send out a detachment of your police to see whether he has in truth gone toward Touggourt or turned east toward Libya?"

"This is no trick, Mademoiselle Fournier? You lied to me in the beginning."

ANNETTE'S voice became more persuasive. "What have you to lose, Monsieur le Capitain? I am your prisoner. You will be commended for capturing Annette Fournier. Think of the further glory that will be yours if to that exploit you add the feat of frustrating the designs of the renegade whom we must call Ribott. It is not that the sheep are destined for the Germans—which would not disturb certain elements in Vichy—that you must consider. But your countrymen and mine are waiting for food."

The French officer turned his head. "Sergeant Jardin," he addressed the non-com at the door, "ride out of town with your men and learn for me just where Monsieur Ribott has gone with his sheep."

The sergeant touched his hat and departed. Lebeau then nodded to the nearest of the native guards. "You will conduct Mademoiselle Fournier back to her cell."

As the girl turned toward the door, Jack Storey was about to follow when the captain remarked: "Not yet, Monsieur Storey. You will remain for a further word with me."

(To Be Continued)

AIRGRAPH MAIL

In the 18 months since the service was started, fifty million airgraph letters have been sent between members of the forces and their relatives. Airgraphers are being sent out from Britain at the rate of rather more than a million a week, and a similar number are arriving in the British Isles from overseas.

Apple peelings are said to contain six times as much vitamin C as does the pulp near the core.

YOUR CHILD'S coughing at night—caused by throat "tickle" or irritation, mouth breathing, or a cold—can often be prevented by rubbing throat and chest with Vicks VapoRub at bedtime.

VAPORUB'S poultice-and-vapor action loosens phlegm, relieves irritation, helps clear upper air passages, thus tends to stop mouth breathing and invite restful sleep. Try it! VICKS VAPORUB

HOME SERVICE

GOOD RESOLUTION— BUDGET EXPENSES

In 1943—Plan Your Spending

So many bills! How can you get out of the red, have the things you hoped to have this year? Budgeting's the answer.

But, you object, that will mean pinching pennies, MORE things to give up! Not at all. An old-fashioned idea—that budgets tell what you can't have. These days your budget invites: "Come, decide what you want most. Let's plan your spending so you can have it."

So, as 1943 dawns, take stock. Estimate your outgo by listing expenses like rent, insurance, clothing, food.

Comparing your own expenses with those of people on similar incomes, you may discover what items are too high. Rent perhaps is costing much more than 20 per cent. of your income.

And amazing to see how much money has just leaked away! You could have bought that new furniture or clothing twice over.

When you plan a use for every dollar, leaks are automatically guarded against. And if you buy at sales, order groceries in large size packages—your dollars buy more.

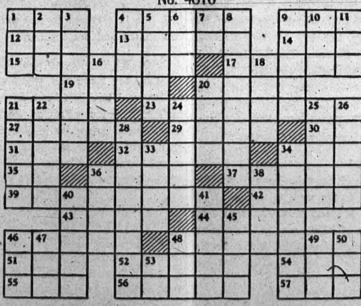
Our 32-page booklet explains budgeting for all incomes, tells how to apportion your money. Includes buying pointers. has ruled pages for year's entries.

Send 15c in coins for your copy of "How to Budget and Buy For Better Living" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your name, address, and the name of booklet.

The distance from the moon to the earth varies from 221,614 to 252,972 miles.

x–x OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE x–x

No. 4810



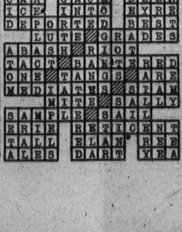
HORIZONTAL

1 Limb
4 Parts of dog's upper lip
9 Turkish officer
12 Ocean
13 Artist's stand
14 Romantic poem
15 Nipper-like organ
17 To excite
19 Precious metal
20 Fuel made of vegetable matter
21 Alt
23 Buyers
27 Requires
29 Minerals
30 Exclamation of contempt
31 To finish
32 Lid
34 Small part
35 Artificial language
36 To put a burden on
37 Backbone
39 Coaches
42 Beverages
43 Radicals
44 Appendage
46 Place of contest
48 Canning-factory
51 Acquired
52 To depart
54 Digit
55 To be obliged to
56 To scatter
57 Score in tennis

VERTICAL

1 Viper
2 Brazilian coin
3 Disfigured
4 To sense
5 Fats
6 Worm
7 Pronoun
8 Pullman cars
9 Winged
10 Slang: pistol
11 Yes
16 Colloquial: female college student
18 Drinks
20 Opening
21 Motionless
22 Spanish title
24 To pause
25 German river
26 Cloys
28 Discreditable events
33 Poems
34 Lodges for soldiers
36 Claim against property
38 Ache
40 Mountain ridge
41 Curved strip of wood
45 Once more
46 Gone by
47 Spat
48 Vehicle
49 Fish eggs
50 Till now
53 Latin conjunction

Answer to No. 4809



Women's Naval Service

The Women's Royal Canadian Naval Service In Need Of Recruits

The Women's Royal Canadian Naval Service is actively recruiting Canadian women between the ages of 18 and 45 in 22 different categories. Girls with training and experience will find no difficulty in choosing work for which they have been fitted. In the case of younger women just out of school, the service offers ample opportunity to pick work for which they have a liking and aptitude. Advancement is progressive through the ranks, and depends entirely on the proficiency displayed and the individual's application to the work at hand. Most categories are divided into three classes, and the daily rate of pay is increased as promotion for proficiency is made from one to another.

At the present time, the need is great for cooks and stewards. In the former category. any woman who has an aptitude for cooking but whose previous experience is limited, could be enrolled as a cook, and trained. Girls with previous employment in general domestic service are preferred, but those who are accustomed to housework and like it can be trained to do this type of work. Living and working conditions are ideal at the Training Establishment at Galt, Ontario, to which the girls are drafted upon acceptance. The uniform allowance is very generous and the uniforms themselves are neat and becoming.

Information of any description may be obtained by applying to the W.R.C.N.S. Interviewing Officer, care of the nearest R.C.N.V.R. Divisions in this province.

Service Discontinued

No Air Mail Between Canada And Britain For Civilians

Air mail from Canada to civilians in Britain has been discontinued, postal authorities said at Ottawa.

Airgraph still travel by bomber, and so do as many as possible of the special blue air mail forms to men in the forces. However, a large percentage of these at present go by boat also.

A similar situation exists for mail travelling from Britain to Canada. There is only sufficient aircraft to carry about 10 per cent. of the air mail, officials said.

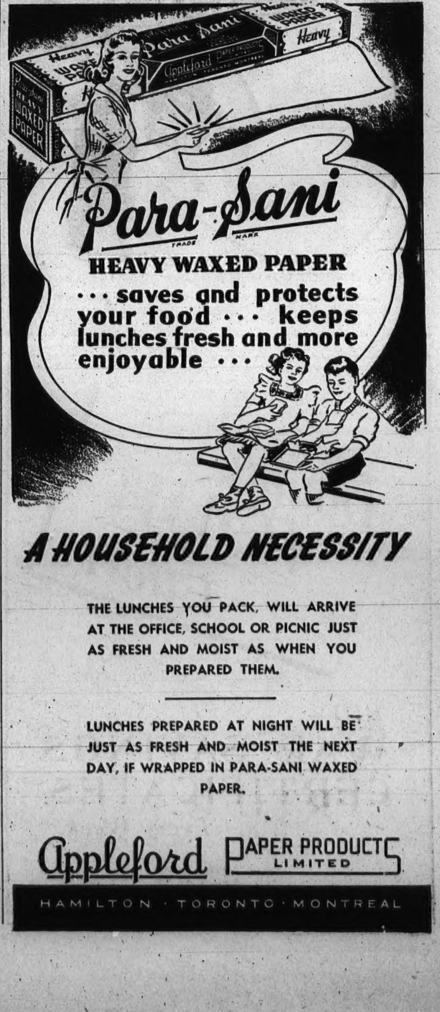
GOOD ADVICE

Set yourself earnestly to see what you were made to do, and then set yourself earnestly to do it. The loftier your purpose is, the more sure you will be to make the world richer with every enrichment of yourself, said Pihillips Brooks.

Even when your car engine is "idling" you are using about one pint of gasoline per 10 minutes.

Cabbage contains from 10 to 15 pounds of water for each pound of dry matter.

2499



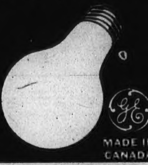
Kellock's big barn near Midnapore was destroyed by fire on Monday evening, with damage estimated at around $9,000.

BUY
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS and CERTIFICATES

G. C. Wilton has been promoted to the superintendent's department of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Vancouver, following the closing of the bank's branch at Cranbrook.

Funeral for the late Charles Simister, 81, retired Lundbreck district farmer, who passed away January 21, was held at Pincher Creek on Monday, Rev. R. E. Pow conducting. Mr. Simister was born in Manchester, England, and had lived in the district for thirty-two years.

Report from London, England, says: Enfield district council has reported that during the year the four local British restaurants have lost 1,208 cups and mugs, 1,638 forks, 725 knives, 3,319 plates, 1,012 saucers, 1,412 spoons and 1,110 tumblers through thefts.

When War Work Means Eye Work
USE
EDISON MAZDA
LAMPS

MADE IN CANADA
CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. LIMITED
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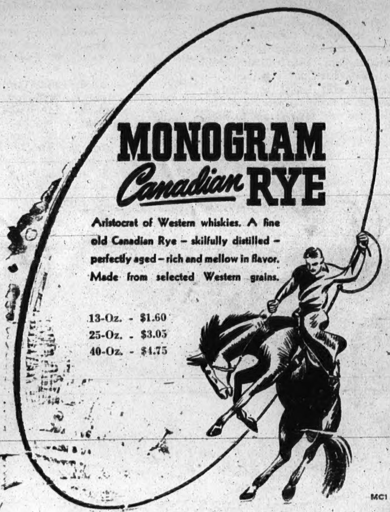
MONOGRAM
Canadian RYE
Aristocrat of Western whiskies. A fine old Canadian Rye – skilfully distilled – perfectly aged – rich and mellow in flavor. Made from selected Western grains.
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40-Oz. - $4.75
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BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

Local and General Items

The Editor will be glad to receive items for this section, regarding visitors entertained, parties leaving for holidays or short trips, bridge parties, teas, showers, presentations, anniversaries, etc. Phone items in to 11 or hand them in at The Enterprise office not later than Thursday evenings.

Pete Ubertino is now P.E.R. of the Elks at Brooks.

City licenses for 1943 have been granted to fourteen Cranbrook hotels.

Miss Mary Panek left last week for Vancouver, where she enters as nurse-in-training in St. Paul's hospital.

Ten to fifteen schools in one municipal district of British Columbia have been closed through lack of fuel.

Cecil Bartlett has been transferred from the Cardston branch of the Royal Bank of Canada to the Bellevue branch.

A busy hen in Nova Scotia laid an egg measuring 3¼ inches in length, 2¼ inches wide and weighing 6½ ounces.

Renouncing her title, Princess Alexandrie Obolensky, a member of the last czarist court of Russia, has been naturalized in a United States district court.

Officers of Coleman Lodge of Elks were duly installed on the night of January 14th. The new E.R. is Nick Nicholas. Installing officer was Wilf. Dutil, D.D.G.E.R.

Mrs. Harry Drew, of Coleman, is a patient in St. Michael's hospital, Lethbridge, receiving treatment for a fractured shoulder sustained when she fell down the stairs at her home recently.

President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill spent ten days together in Casablanca, North Africa—January 14 to 24—discussing the whole strategy of the 1943 United Nations' campaign. Both have returned home.

The marriage took place at Lethbridge on January 9th, of Miss Norma Jean, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Church, of Macleod, to Mr. Calvin Mehring Fletcher, son of Dr. and Mrs. C. M. Fletcher, of Lethbridge, Bishop C. F. Steele officiating.

W. R. Reader, 68, for twenty-nine years Calgary city parks superintendent and a patron of Bellevue annual flower and vegetable show, passed away in Calgary on Tuesday. The remains are being laid to rest in Calgary this afternoon.

The quiet wedding took place at Knox church, Calgary, on January 16th, of Ruth Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wheatley, of Banff, to LAC Bernard Charles Temoin, R.C.A.F., son of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Temoin, of Vancouver. Following a brief honeymoon, LAC Temoin left for his station in Eastern Canada, while Mrs. Temoin remains in Calgary.

Word has been received of the promotion of Captain Ronald R. MacDonald to the rank of major. He is son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Angus MacDonald, of Blairmore, and member of the Royal Canadian Army Service Corps, being appointed to that unit in December, 1939.

Pride of Stellarton, N.S., citizens in their boys overseas is reflected in recent action of the town U. M. W. of A. local in sending packages of cigarettes at frequent intervals to former members of the union. The U.M.W. executive is constantly keeping up its list of former members now in uniform, so that none will be forgotten.

The death occurred at Coleman on Thursday night last of Arthur H. Reid, aged 66. He had been employed as engineer at the McGillivray Creek Coal & Coke Company's mine, and was formerly commissioner of utilities for the city of Lethbridge. He had been in failing health for some weeks. He is survived by two sons, Edgar in the armed services at Calgary, and Harold residing on Vancouver Island. The remains were laid to rest at Coleman on Sunday afternoon.

Ted Charles Gierulski, of Blairmore, has received a commission with the R.C.A.F.

Mrs. Gertrude Ardiel, wife of Dr. A. E. Ardel, of Okotoks, passed away on Sunday last.

Premier William Aberhart will address a banquet meeting of Social Crediters at Drumheller tonight.

A Canadian corvette sank a German submarine in less than ten minutes off the north coast of Africa.

Alberta's 1943 car license plates will be orange with black numerals. Only one plate will be issued to trucks this year, for the rear.

Among the most recent from this district to enlist in the army are: E. Harrison and E. D. Snowdon, Coleman, and J. Kotas, Frank.

The many local district friends of Mrs. Thomas W. Hills, formerly of Blairmore, will regret to learn that she recently met with an accident at Elnora, in which she suffered a fractured leg.

Among the provincial civilian recruiting officers for the C.W.A.C. announced a few days ago were: Mrs. F. W. Smith, Blairmore; Mrs. R. Parry, Coleman, and Mrs. J. F. Gray, Pincher Creek.

Sixteen ratepayers attended the annual town and school meetings a year ago. This included the mayor, several members of the council and school board and the secretary-treasurer. C. J. Tompkins presided.

Since the outbreak of war, the Royal Bank of Canada has granted leave of absence for military service to no less than 1,876 men, representing well over half of the male staff under 45 years of age at the outbreak of war.

Mr. and Mrs. Herdman McLeod, of Edmonton and Coleman, announce the marriage of their daughter, Christina Marjorie, of Gleichen, to Gunner Campbell McShannon Brown, of that town, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Brown, of Calgary.

There passed away at the Wayne hospital on January 19th, Catherine E. (Kay) MacKinnon, aged 17, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. MacKinnon, of East Coulee, formerly of Corbin, B.C. She is survived by her parents, two sisters and one brother.

D. O. Wight, former publisher of the Cardston News and now residing at Provo, Utah, has been appointed instructor in journalism at the Brigham Young University in Provo. He will carry on this assignment along with his work as director of the Utah Valley hospital service plan.

Mining methods and a tragedy 62 years old were recalled during the past year by miners at Stellarton, N. S., getting into the old workings of the Foord pit from the Allan shaft. Twenty-two bodies have been recovered so far, thirteen last year, and it is anticipated that still more will be found. Forty-six miners lost their lives in an explosion there on November 12, 1880. Relics recovered include old tools, coal boxes, lamps, shafts and bridles, cannon and even old miners' boots and belts.

Following is slate sponsored by the local miners' union for the forthcoming municipal and school elections: For mayor, E. Williams; councillors, R. Horne, J. Danco and J. Krkosky, the latter for one year to complete unexpired term of Councillor Jas. Gray; and for school trustees, A. Bosetti, J. Lloyd and W. A. Arland, the latter filling place of Trustee M. Krkosky, now in army service. Retiring from the town council this year and not seeking re-election are Gus Erikson, Joe Bobrosky and Jas. Gray.

RUSSIANS SAVE CANADIANS; WILL YOU SEND THEM AID?

If the Russians had not stood up against the Nazis, where would we be?

If the Soviet people had not the strength of character, the stamina and morale to bear up under hardships, the relentless determination and abilities that they do have, where would we be?

If Winnipeg were Stalingrad, if Montreal were Leningrad, if Ottawa were Moscow, if Toronto were Rostov, if Halifax were Sebastopol, if, if . . .

Russian youths who are getting killed and wounded are saving Canadian youths; Russian women, children, aged, that are becoming homeless refugees are saving Canadians from such a fate.

Consider what would be our plight if Canada were in Russia's place—if Canada had been overrun by the vicious, plundering enemy.

If the Nazis came over here and took our best wheatlands, our coal mines, our power plant at Niagara Falls, how much help would we need?

How much change of clothing would our working people have if the remnants of our factories made weapons only, as they would have to do, to drive the enemy from our soil?

How much household goods would our families have if the Nazis bombed and burned our chief cities, our stores and our countryside?

How far would our medical supplies and hospital equipment go if there was a sudden piling up of wounded, frost-bitten, burned and emaciated people?

Look at it this way, and the imagination becomes staggered by the immensity of the Russian people's supply problems. For Russia's population is twenty times the size of Canada's.

The Canadian Aid to Russia Fund wants to raise $1,000,000 by the end of this month with which to ship relief supplies for civilians in Russia. The list of what is needed has been provided by the U.S.S.R. minister to Canada. At the top are: warm underwear and clothing; boots; blankets and medical supplies.

These things are needed in vast quantities. The wounded in Russia are piling up. The refugees are increasing as the Nazis in their fury burn more and more homes and destroy family possessions.

A million dollars for supplies to Russia is not enough when measured by their great deeds and mountainous losses. The hope is that more will be subscribed by Canadians.

But at least this much help should be given to them who are dying and suffering in our stead. Their great drive on the Nazi armies is hewing a pathway toward early victory. An early victory will save many sons for Canadian mothers. A donation to the Aid to Russia Fund is an investment in that early victory. It is a way to save Canadian lives. It is a way of letting the hard-pressed Russian people know that we are with them in the fight against a common foe. It is a way of building a firm bridge toward international amity.

Don't delay this message of sympathy! The quicker contributions come in, the quicker will relief supplies be dispatched to Russia. The ships are available. The goods are available. Money is needed.

Send the money now to your local committee, or to headquarters of the Canadian Aid to Russia Fund at 80 King Street West, Toronto.

"V"

C. E. Gerhart, Social Credit member of the Alberta legislature for Acadia-Coronation, will move the reply to the speech from the throne at the third session of the ninth legislature, which opens on February 18.

"V"

Rev. A D. Wing, rector of Crawley church in Sussex district, England, threw an envelope with three £1 notes in it in his waste basket by mistake, and gave the notes up as lost when the paper was sent away for salvage. Six months later the envelope, with the notes stained but intact, was returned by a paper salvage worker.

There passed away in Calgary on January 22nd, Helen, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Adamea.

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PLAIN WATER TELLS THE Plain Truth ABOUT WHISKY
Water, plain or sparkling, has nothing in common with camouflage. It never flatters any whisky mixed with it. And Seagram's "83" is one whisky that needs no flattery.
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